

Successful Tour

WITH DR. BOOKER T. WASHINGTON IN WEST VIRGINIA Virginia Railway Opens Opportunities for Negroes—Ex-Governor Hoge Tyler, Present.

In language as forceful as it was plain, and without any attempt at oratory save that which is inherent when some ho melytruthdfrwdld when some homely truth is being driven home, Dr. Booker T. Washington pointed out to the people of the southern Virginias, conditions as they have existed in the southland between the white and Negro races, as they exist today, and offered as the chief means for strengthening the bonds of friendly relations between the two peoples, safe, sane and marketable education for all.

In a most emphatic way and in language that could not be misunderstood, he told the people of both races that the educated Negro of today has no idea or thought of social equality; and that those who come in touch with his race and its needs, know that all that is needed to accomplish its salvation is education in the broadest sense of the word.

The trip over the Virginia railway, which has opened up a new country in the southern Virginias, extending from Norfolk to Deepwater, West Virginia, was made at the request of the late H. H. Rogers, founder and president of the road, who has been a quiet and generous contributor to southern education for many years.

Dr. Washington was asked to investigate conditions among the Negroes along the line of the railway and, as far as possible, to get together at various points, as many people of both races as possible and to speak to them along the lines of industry, thrift and morality, and to urge them

and the mayor presented the speaker to the largest audience ever gathered in the history of Suffolk.

On the same night in the city of Norfolk, an audience which taxed the capacity of the Granby Theatre to the utmost, assembled to hear him. His emphatic demand for the education of every child, black even as white, for good school houses and for good teachers, for longer school terms and for equal protection under the laws in the rural districts as well as in the cities for his people, was well received and applauded by the entire audience half or more of which was made up of the leading business and social people of Norfolk. At the conclusion of his address he was warmly congratulated by many of his hearers and his party entertained at the White City Exposition Park by the Negro citizens of Norfolk.

The trip now carried the party into an entirely new country, where people gathered at the railroad stations, coming in many instances several miles. The first day out, stops were made at Burdett, Sebrell, Jarratt and Purdy, where crowds varying from four to six hundred had gathered at the railroad station to hear the distinguished leader who spoke from the observation platform of his private car.

At Dolphin, the entire party left the train and drove across country six miles to the Lawrenceville Industrial School, where more than a thousand people had gathered. The people of this section are largely engaged in farming and the address was particularly applied to their needs and the needs of their localities. This school was founded by Archdeacon James S. Russell, of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and reflects its influence in the well ordered and well cultivated farms for miles around. It stands, said Dr. Washington, as an example of the lifting up influence of broad education, education that has a market value.

Rear platform addresses were made at Alberta, Kenbridge, Victoria, Me-herrin, Ward, Phoenix, Brookneal and Altivista. A nine mile drive across country to Charlotte Court House where one of the largest meetings of the trip was held, was made and a night meeting in school house grove at Salem brought a large crowd not only from the surrounding country but from the city of Roanoke, seven miles distant.

At Shelby, Pembroke, Slab Fork, Lester and Pearisburg, enthusiastic crowds of several hundred assembled at the stations and gave the party an enthusiastic reception. Dr. Washington speaking from fifteen to twenty minutes at each place.

From Yellow Sulphur Springs the party, accompanied by a mounted escort of fifty citizens drove eight miles to the towns of Cambria and Christiansburg, near which is located the Christiansburg Industrial Institute, whose principal, John H. Long, is a graduate of Tuskegee. A crowd numbering several thousands had gathered around the platform erected in the orchard and had waited for the party for three hours. Dr. Washington was introduced by Captain John H. Johnstone, a former Confederate officer, and seated at his side on the platform was ex-Governor Hoge Tyler of Virginia, who had driven fifteen miles from his home in Radford to be present and to "say a word" as he put it. It was at this meeting that the incident occurred which gave the speaker an opportunity to answer emphatically an unjust criticism made by some who oppose his doctrine, that he makes entirely different speeches to different races and to the people of different sections. He had just concluded a statement that the southern white man was not wholly to blame for the institution of slavery because his northern brother first brought the slave from his African captor and then sold him to his brother in the south. A white man whose dress, deportment and general appearance indicated intelligence and culture, interrupted from the edge of the crowd, "Would you say that up North?" Without pausing a moment Dr. Washington replied: "My friend, I have never made a speech in the North that I would not make in the South. I have never made a speech to my own people that

I would not make to the white people of, or in any section of the country. I never have and I never will."

The largest town on the line west of Norfolk is Princeton, West Virginia, where an overflow meeting was held in the Court House and where a reception and banquet was given the party by the citizens.

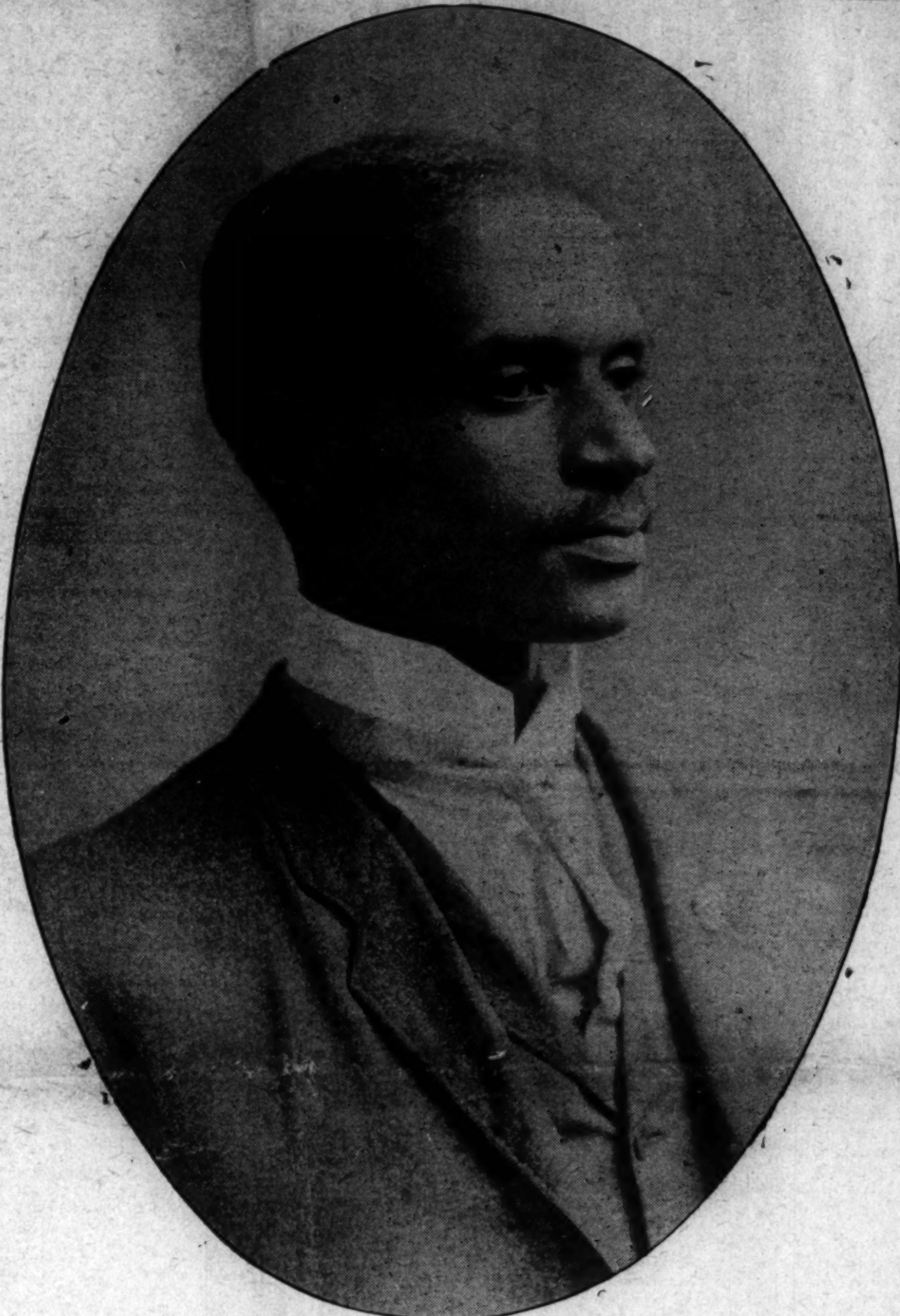
At the mining town of Giatto more than two thousand people had assembled in a sort of natural amphitheatre below the station. It was pay day at the mines and the speaker had opportunities enough to point out examples when urging his hearers to save their earnings and not to waste them in the grog shops, to make his address especially effective. It was an enthusiastic, appreciative and attentive crowd, picturesque from the surroundings of the place of assembly, and the presence of the miners fresh from their work with grimy hands and faces, cap lamps still smoking.

An overnight stop was made at Page, where a meeting was held in the church and an opportunity afforded to talking to the eight hundred miners and coke burners. The neatness of the homes of these colored miners in contrast with the homes of the Huns and Italians, the orderly arrangement of their tables and their neat school house and church, brought forth commendation from the entire party and is a model of what may be accomplished by any people even amidst hard and discouraging surroundings.

Two more stops were made Sunday, one at Deepwater, West Virginia, the terminus of the road, where a thousand people were addressed in the morning, and at Montgomery, West Virginia, where an overflow meeting was held in the Opera House.

The emphasis which Dr. Washington laid on education getting, home getting, money saving, being reliable, being on time, the driving out of the criminal and immoral classes, the avoidance of intoxicants and the cultivation of friendly relations with one's neighbors will cer-

DR. JAMES E. SHEPPARD.



DUKE'S MONEY FOR SCHOOL Negro Religious Training School Has Site and a Start

Durham, N. C., July 3.—Brodie L. Duke has given the site for a national religious training school and chautauqua for the colored race. Dr. James Shepard, chief incorporator, announces today that he has raised money enough for the first dormitory.

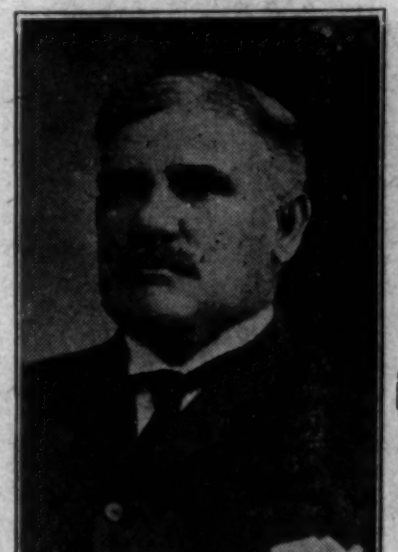
The school is essentially religious, with accent upon ministerial and the missionary features. It starts with a \$15,000 auditorium, two dormitories, to cost \$20,000 each, and an endowment of \$150,000. The advisory board includes Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst, Rabbi Abram Simon, and Senator Overman, of Washington, and D. A. Tompkins.

It is to be fashioned after the Winona Lake and Northfield Bible schools, and is chiefly supported by philanthropy, in which Durham citizens have been liberal.

AN INCIDENT OF FILIAL GENTLENESS AND LOVE

I happened a few days ago to be in the office of a prominent business man, who is also the administrative head of the administrative branch of local public service in the Nation's Capital. Several changes of a somewhat radical character looking to the improvement of this branch of public service were under consideration and the official was discussing them with the frankness, fairness and directness for which he is especially known.

Suddenly the characteristic firmness of his face and manner gave place to a beaming smile of happiness and he quickly rose saying—"Just wait a minute, don't go." I turned as he stepped quickly forward and saw him grasp a white haired man of more than eighty years warmly by the hand and placing his arm around about his shoulders, imprint a kiss upon his sweet and venerable face.



CAPT. JAMES F. OYSTER.

A short time in his private office and he returned, resuming his seat and taking up the thread of discussion where he had left off with the same degree of firmness and fairness as at the beginning. Our conversation ended, I mentioned the beautiful sentiment which his greeting had aroused in my heart, it having brought back to mind the memory of my parents. "Your father, I presume?" "Yes" and the man himself past fifty added "I have greeted him in that manner all my life."

The father was George M. Oyster, Sr., founder of the large business which his sons now carry on; the younger man his eldest son, James Frederick, President of the Board of Education.

THE RECORDERSHIP

Mr. Editor:

We are proud to announce that the Recordership of the District of Columbia will positively be given to a strong friend of the Post Master General. He is in the Department of Agriculture, and has been definitely agreed upon between the President and his Post Master General.

We extend our congratulations, believing him to be in every way fitted and that he will reflect credit upon his race. Suffice that he is a Washington boy and well balanced mentally.

Yours,

J. C. Campbell.

Dr. J. E. Shepard will be in the city today.

tainly not be without fruit in the coming years and with the development of this virgin region, these plain talks of Dr. Booker T. Washington, having and holding as he does, the confidence of the best people of both races, will be counted an important factor.

The details of the tour were in the hands of Major R. R. Moten, Commandant, Hampton Institute, and the party included Archdeacon J. S. Russell, Davidson Washington, Ernest Attell, Nathan Hunt, T. C. Walker, Dr. A. A. Graham, W. L. Tylor, W. T. B. Williams, W. P. Burrill and Dr. Wilson Bruce Evans.

Read The Bee.

FIFTH ANNUAL EXCURSION

OF St. Luke's P. E. Church Under the auspices of the Men's Club TO RIVER VIEW Wednesday July 21st, 1909

On the palatial steamer Queen Anne

MUSIC BY THE MONUMENTAL ORCHESTRA PROF. CHAS. HAMILTON, DIR.

FARE round Trip 25cts

TICKETS CAN PURCHASED FROM MEMBERS OF THE VARIOUS COMMITTEES OR AT THE BOAT ON DATE OF THE EXCURSION

The Congregation and Friends of

ST. LUKE'S P. E. CHURCH

REV. THOMAS J. BROWN, Rector;

Assistants;

REV. A. C. COLLIER,

beg to announce their

FIFTH ANNUAL EXCURSION, ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 21, 1909 TO RIVER VIEW

The commodious steamer Queen Anne will leave her wharf at 7th and N streets, Southwest, at 9:30 A. M., 2:30 and 6:15 P. M., returning to the city in ample time for the cars.

River View is one of the most attractive resort on the beautiful Potomac, with ample summer outhouses for family parties, fully protected from the rain or sun. Bathing, fishing and boating.

Refreshments will be furnished at moderate prices by the Woman's Guild.

Proceeds for the benefit of the Church.

No postponement on account of rain.

Rights reserved.

TUSK—ELEPHANTS.

Ceylon the Only Part of the World Where They Exist.

What a sight for a Ceylon elephant hunter would be the first view of a herd of African elephants—all tuskers! It is a singular thing that Ceylon is the only part of the world where the male elephants have no tusks; they have miserable little grubbers projecting two or three inches from the upper jaw and inclining downward.

Nothing produces either ivory or horn in fine specimens throughout Ceylon. Although some of the buffaloes have tolerably fine heads, they will not bear a comparison with those of other countries. The horns of the native cattle are not above four inches in length.

The elk and the spotted deer antlers are small compared with deer of their size in India. This is more singular, as it is evident from the geological formation that at some remote period Ceylon was not an island, but formed a portion of the main land. It is thought there must be elements wanting in the Ceylon pasturage for the formation of ivory.—Ceylon Manual.

Smokeless Coal.

A London inventor claims to have discovered a process for producing smokeless coal, apparently by distillation of coal at a low temperature. This, after distillation, is said to deposit a very brilliant substance, the heating properties of which are far greater than those of the original coal, and which is absolutely free from smoke and dirt. The inventor contends that efforts to overcome the smoke plague have hitherto been unsuccessful because they have been made in the wrong direction, and that by the extraction of the smoke-producing material in coal before being burned, he has been successful in producing a smokeless coal.

Electrocuting Animals.

The slaughter of animals for food by electrocution is being experimented by Dr. Leduc, a French scientist, who has been conducting his investigations in the French abattoirs. He has been using the intermittent low tension currents and says that he is satisfied that the system is painless, the central functions of perception being first destroyed and then those of circulation and respiration, so that there is neither suffering nor reaction in the animals thus killed. The doctor is endeavoring to devise some piece of apparatus by which the killing of cattle may be accomplished by electricity with economy and celerity.

The Stry Man.

Women show no mercy to the shy man, for he stands outside of the compass of convention. Could he break out all might be saved; the man might be permanently cured. But he cannot. He has been brought up to respect convention. His muscles may be of steel, his heart of fire, but in his soul the spirit of diffidence holds him in a vice. In a drawing room he stands gaping, quaking, a prey to introspective torment—he who would perhaps storm a rampart with a triumphant mile a his lips.—London Observer.

Hanging Pictures Dangerous.

"Railroad casualties receive such wide publicity," said an insurance man, "that there is a common belief on the part of the public that one is more liable to accidents while traveling than when living the simple life in the confines of his home. As a matter of fact, statistics show that accident insurance companies pay more money to people who get hurt hanging pictures or taking stoves apart than they do to the victims of head-on collisions. It sounds strange, but it's the truth."—Kansas City Journal.

Three Men to Move Book.

There lies in the British Museum the largest book yet printed, a colossal atlas of engraved ancient Dutch maps. It takes three men to move it from the giant book case in which it is stored in the library of the museum. It is bound in leather, magnificently decorated, and is fastened with clasps of solid silver, richly gilt. It is nearly seven feet high and weighs 800 pounds and was presented to King Charles II. before he left Holland in the year 1660.

Valuable East African Forest.

The Colonial Office recently sent out an expert to report on the Kenia forest, in the East Africa protectorate. He finds the forest extends 187 miles long by eight miles broad, and comprises 1,000,000 acres of timber. Taking the average value of the 3 1/4 d. per cubic foot, this works out to £23 per acre, or a total value for the whole forest of £23,000,000.—London M.T. Bits.

Dead Historians.

I for my part believe in the dead historians. I glory in the possession of some hundreds of volumes by them. A great deal of cant is talked and written on this subject. There is an idea in some minds that a book on history to be good must be new. In nine cases out of ten the new book is a common-place re-statement of facts that were better presented by an older writer.—The Sphere.

A Man and a Woman.

A man's idea of being stylishly dressed is to wear something in which he looks atrociously bad; a woman's to wear something no other woman can duplicate.

WITH THE "BREAD LINE"

A Thousand Men Are Fed Every Night.

THE BOWERY MISSION

At this Place... Fleischmann's May Be Found... Men in Actual Need—It is the Aim of These Places to Send Away No Hungry Person.

The two policemen who were standing at the corner of Canal street and the Bowery as I approached them looked on over when they saw I was about to interrupt their conversation. It was anything but a pleasant night; the coat I had borrowed for the evening was none too thick, and the old shoes I wore were not waterproof. If my abject poverty was assumed, I felt a semblance of the real thing, for I was cold and tired after tramping up and down the muddy streets for an hour.

"Where kin a feller git a cup o' coffee 'r a handout?" I asked. One of the officers smiled affably. "Two doors up," he said, indicating one of the numerous five and ten-cent feeding places, of which there are one or two in every block in this neighborhood.

"I didn't mean that kind," I replied. "I've got to find a place where there ain't a price on the grub."

"I guess the bread line at Fleischmann's or the Bowery Mission's the only place, then, Jack," said the officer as he turned his back on me. So I slouched along to 55 Bowery, where a sign in the window, reading, "Bowery Mission—Services Every Evening," indicated that I had found the right place. I looked in the door. The big room, filled with chairs, was dimly lighted, and on the platform at the far end, a man was moving some chairs around.

"Nothin' doin' yet, bo," said a rough-looking fellow. "They don't give ye no grub until 1 o'clock. This was disheartening, or would have been, had I really needed the food, for it was only a little after eleven. "I'm goin' up ter the bakery," the tramp continued. "Ye git yourn at 12 sharp up there."

So we ambled up the Bowery to Eighth street, and from there to Tenth street and Fourth avenue. Already the waiting line extended from the rear door of the bakery around the corner to the entrance of Grace church. I dropped into the procession which in a few moments reached up Broadway to Twelfth street. I had been in the line but a short time when a clock nearby sounded for midnight. The line began to move along and the waiting men on either side of me cheered up a bit. There was very little conversation, however. Now and then some of them muttered curses, and once when a sightseeing automobile stopped at the corner the curses became quite audible.

After the line of waiting men—over 600 in number, as I ascertained—had had their bread and coffee, most of them dispersed, though a few "repeaters" in order to get a second helping. A number of them hung around until they could get a chance to ask the manager of the restaurant for work. But there was no chance for any one, though the refusal was not made unpleasantly.

From the bakery I went back to the Bowery Mission. A thousand men are fed every night at the Bowery Mission—sometimes more. It is the aim at both this place and at Fleischmann's to send no one away hungry, but just now the demand is much in excess of that usual at this time of year.

One sees at these two places the men who are in actual need of food and drink. The street beggars are in nine cases out of ten unworthy of notice. But the man or woman who doubts the distress—the real need of food among the unemployed—should spend a couple of hours at the two places I have described, and he or she will be convinced that there is no lack of opportunity for the offices of the Good Samaritan, and no excessive crowding in the ranks of helpless of unfortunate humanity.

RODERIC C. PENFIELD.

Bronze Statue of Schiller.

The bronze statue of Schiller by Hermann Matzen, which is to be erected in Cleveland by German citizens, has been completed in Berlin. The poet is seated in an arm chair. A Berlin paper is quoted as remarking apropos that "the German who goes to America becomes an American in all that the word implies, but even unto the third generation he is loyal to German poetry and German song."

Good Roads.

Out of the 900 towns in the State of New York, 600 have voted to have their roads built under the Fuller-Plank Act, or, as it is generally called, the money system. The matter is now optional with the towns, but in the opinion of persons who have given the matter considerable attention the idea of making it compulsory is favored.—Good Roads Magazine.

The Erzberg, Austria's iron mountain, will furnish ore for 1,000 more years.

SELLS HIS BLOOD AT BARGAIN RATE

Man Charges \$10 to Give Up 15 Ounces of Life Fluid to Save Boy's Life.

PATIENT'S FATHER CLOSES DEAL

Transfusion Operation is Made as Soon as the Bargain Between Buyer and Seller Was Struck—Man and Boy Eyed Each Other During Operation.

New York City.—Human blood went at bargain-counter prices in Bellevue Hospital when for \$10 a guest of Mills Hotel No. 3 sold fifteen ounces of his life fluid, thereby probably saving the life of John Dennison, 15 years old, a patient suffering from malignant growth on the right leg. There was nothing heroic about the manner in which the man sold his blood. It was purely a business proposition. The Mills Hotel man needed the ten-spot and felt he could spare the blood. The father of the patient, though poor, felt he could spare the \$10 in view of his son's need for the fresh blood.

Striking a bargain between buyer and seller was easy. Dennison's father went to Mills Hotel No. 3 and announced he was in the market for human blood. He explained that his son was in Bellevue Hospital and that the surgeons were anxious to transfuse the blood of a healthy person into the body of the boy.

"The doctors want a strong man who is healthy in every way," the father explained. A guest registered as Mark Owen, who refused to tell anything further about himself, stepped forward, and remarked he would like to know more about it.

Big, broad-shouldered, with the glow of health in his cheeks, he looked as if he would pass the test of the physicians.

"I guess you'll do," said Dennison. "How much blood do you want?"

"Fifteen ounces." "How much do I get?" "Ten dollars."

"I'm your man," and the bargain was struck. The rate was 66 2/3 cents an ounce.

Up to Bellevue Hospital marched Dennison and Owen. The surgeons examined the man who was willing to sell fifteen ounces of his blood for \$10, and told him he would do. The nature of the operation then was explained to him.

He was told that the patient was suffering from what is known as sarcoma, a malignant growth. To save the boy's life it was necessary to take from his body about sixteen ounces of the impure blood and transfuse in the body about fifteen ounces of healthy fluid.

"I don't want to be chloroformed during the operation," Owen said. "No anesthetics will be given," replied one of the surgeons. "We'll deaden the pain by an injection of cocaine."

"Go ahead," said Owen. "I'm ready."

Dennison was placed on the operating table and Owen was laid on another table. Between the two was a narrow table upon which the boy and the man each placed an arm. The surgeons made an incision in the boy's upper arm and blood was permitted to flow from the upper part of the median vein, while the lower part was closed. In this way the boy was relieved of about sixteen ounces of his impure and un-nourished blood. An incision then was made in the forearm of the man.

The surgeons rapidly connected the lower ligament of the man's radial artery with the upper vein of the boy's arm, and the blood of the man began to pass into the body of the boy.

Dennison and Owen watched each other coolly throughout the operation. Not a whimper came from the boy, not a groan from the man. When the operation was over the boy's temperature showed marked improvement.

Owen was weak after the operation. He took a stimulant and then left the hospital, not forgetting, of course, to collect his \$10 before leaving.

BURGERS' GAZETTE IN RUSSIA.

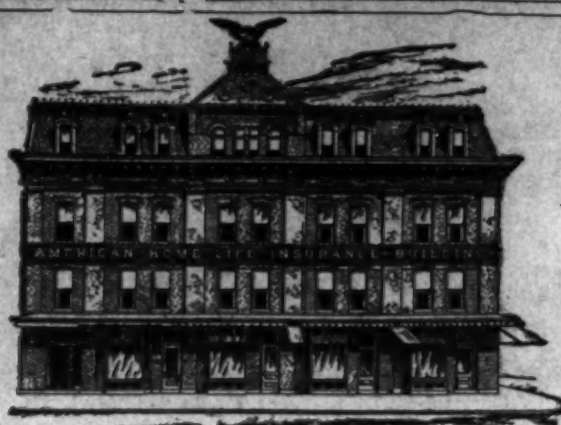
"Trades Paper" Contains All the News of the "Craft."

St. Petersburg.—A "trade paper" for burglars is now published in St. Petersburg. It is called the "Bostatska Gazette," or the "Barefooted Gazette"—the title being apparently an allusion to the stealthy ways of its readers.

The paper contains full reports of the latest thefts and burglaries, articles by experts on the art of burglary and what to avoid in pursuing it, and columns of advice and hints to help the beginner. Naturally the paper is published in strict secrecy, but the police will sooner or later discover its printing office and suppress it.

Paris Abates a Nuisance.

The Paris prefect of police has decided that in future no more houses are to play barrel organs in that city will be granted.



SICK AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE UP TO \$25.00 PER WEEK

WHOLE LIFE INSURANCE ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS PAYABLE ONE HOUR AFTER DEATH. AMERICAN HOME LIFE INSURANCE CO., FIFTH AND G STREETS N. W. Washington, D. C.

WORTH ADVERTISING FOR.

There are 5,499 Negroes employed here in Washington by the Government alone, and these 5,499 Negroes draw salaries aggregating \$3,044,404. These more than three millions of dollars are spent right here in Washington, but scattered among the hundreds of tradesmen. Is this amount of money worth bidding for? It certainly is, and not even the largest stores in this city would refuse to get the big end of it did they but realize how much money the Negroes are really spending.

Now The Bee is the only Negro publication in this city. It stands without a rival or competitor, and covers the field like a blanket. If a few of the merchants in this city will patronize the advertising columns of The Bee, presenting the attractive bargains they may have, these Negroes—these 5,499 Negroes who draw annually from the Government over three millions of dollars—will assume that by patronizing a publication edited and operated by one of their race that such firms desire and deserve their patronage. And such firms will receive the bulk of these over three millions of dollars received and spent by the Negroes of Washington.

What clothing stores, what furniture stores, what dry goods stores and what other lines of business will now make an effort to divert to themselves these over three millions of dollars spent by Washington Negroes by advertising in The Bee?

Place your advertising in The Bee and watch these 5,499 appreciative Negroes spend their over three millions of dollars with you.

Now is the time to advertise in The Bee, the newspaper that goes into every Negro home in Washington. Remember, merchants of Washington, it's what advertising pays you, not what it costs.

DEATH TRAP FOR BIRDS.

Lighthouses on the Maine Coast Attract and Kill Thousands.

One of the keepers who came ashore from Boon Island recently tells the story of the strange death encountered by thousands of the migratory birds every spring. Flying along the coast at night they are instantly attracted by the powerful light from the watch tower, as moths are drawn to a candle. Thousands of these birds in their passage north fly with full force against the thick glass of the brilliantly lighted lantern. Stunned to death they fall to the rocks below or scale away for a little distance and flutter helplessly into the water. The light of morning sometimes reveals the rocks covered with the little creatures whose journey to their summer homes has met this sudden and fatal termination. Hundreds of species are found among the unfortunate little tourists. Most of them are easily recognized as belonging to the various common classes of song birds. But very often large birds of beautiful plumage come to their final resting place in this manner upon the bleak rocks, of Boon Island. On one occasion several years ago the thick glass of the lantern was shattered to atoms by the impact of some strange bird of powerful bill.—York Transcript.

Fires Started by Moths.

Moths and flames are universally connected, yet few people suspect that danger could arise therefrom. The insects are of such frail structure that generally they get destroyed before it is possible for them to inflict injury, and it is hardly creditable that the wings would ignite and retain the flames long enough to enable the moth to fly to its surroundings.

That, however, has occurred. The moth was a very large one and its wings must have been very dry, so that when it floundered through the flame it set fire to one wing and darted out to a curtain nearby which at once flared up. It is possible that many summer evening fires in the country could be attributed to a source of this kind. It is notorious that mysterious fires often arise at sunset in the hot months.—Strand Magazine.

As History Might Be Taught.

Another way of teaching history which the schools might adopt has apparently not appealed to them. A good newspaper, if the teacher knows how to interpret its daily record, may stimulate an interest in history itself. If the pupil can be taught the continuity and relation of events, an awakened interest in the daily happenings will arouse a desire to trace them back through preceding stages. It is the break in continuity between the past and the immediate present that deadens enthusiasm. By studying history backward from the immediate present this chasm would be bridged and the passion for tracing to cause stimulated.—Boston Transcript.

STRATEGICAL USES OF T. TA.

The Clever Little Weasel and His Means of Defense.

Take another of our animals, a fierce little weasel, clad in summer in a coat of brown, in winter turning white, but always with a jet black tip to the tail. The ermine, as it is incorrectly called in its winter coat, has an easy time of it, sneaking upon the mice and birds upon which it preys, but when a hawk takes after it in an open field in the sunlight or an owl in the moonlight, it would have but short shrift with all its sinuous leaping, were it not that the black tail tip is so conspicuous that it constantly attracts the eye and allows the pure white of the body to be confused with the snow. Even when we place a dead weasel on the snow and look at it from a distance, we realize how true this is, and how valuable must be the pencil tufts of black hairs to this little vermin who spends his life in hunting or being hunted.—The Outing Magazine.

Everyone of Them a Bird.

A current newspaper item is as follows: "The wife of a Methodist minister in West Virginia, has been married three times. Her maiden name was Partridge; her first husband was named Robin; her second husband, Sparrow; and the present one's name is Quail. There are now two young Robins, one Sparrow, and three little Quails in the family. One grandfather was a Swan, and another was a Jay; but he's dead and now a bird of Paradise."

"They live on Hawk-ave., Eagle-ville, Canary Islands, and the fellow who wrote this article is a lyre bird and an interesting relative of the family."

Arctic Dog Life.

Nowhere in the world has the dog such unrestricted right of way as in our most northerly possession—Alaska. In winter, when the more than 60,000 square miles of territory are sealed up in solid ice, dogs are almost the sole means of getting from place to place—in fact, they seem necessary to life itself.

The aristocrats of Arctic dog life are the mail teams in the service of the United States Government. They are to-day a superior breed to the dogs employed some half dozen years ago before great gold discoveries demanded increased mail service.—St. Nicholas.

Names that Don't Name.

Many chemical names convey no exact idea of the things they stand for. Oil of vitriol is no oil, neither are oils of turpentine and kerosene. Copperas is an iron compound and contains no copper. Salts of lemon is the extremely poisonous oxalic acid. Carbolic acid is not an acid but an alcohol. Cobalt contains none of that metal but arsenic. Soda water has no trace of soda, and sugar of lead has no sugar; cream of tartar has nothing of cream, nor milk of lime any milk. German silver has no silver and blacklead no lead.

Dogs Around Blacksmith Shops.

Two or three dogs are nearly always to be found loafing about every blacksmith shop. This fact is so well recognized that detectives whom sent out after valuable dogs that have been lost invariably visit first all the blacksmith shops in the neighborhood. The reason why dogs visit the blacksmith shops is that they love inordinately the odor and the taste of burning hoofs. They sniff the odor as a woman sniffs a rose, and they eat the hoof parings as a gourmet eats truffles.—Minneapolis Journal.

Supply of Gold.

It is mainly from Africa, America and Australia that the world draws its supply of gold, some \$400,000,000 worth won regularly every year. Africa leads with about \$150,000,000; next comes the United States with about \$25,000,000; Australia ranks third with some \$25,000,000, while Russia, both in Europe and Asia, Mexico, Canada and several other countries, make up the remainder.

A Long Sleep.

An astonishing trance case has come to light in Berlin. A clerk, aged 46—a healthy normal man—suddenly fell asleep in June 1904. All efforts to awaken him were unsuccessful and the sleeper since then has never opened his eyes. He breathes regularly and swallows his food mechanically, but is insensible to the severest attempts to arouse him.

Lace Curtains.

Lace window curtains should always be soaked for an hour in cold water to which a little borax has been added, before being put into warm suns. This gets out the smoky smell that is sometimes so noticeable in curtains that have been used in a city.

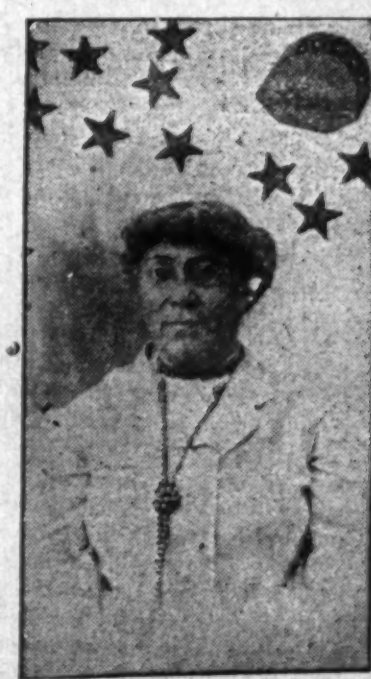
Life in Germany.

Every one who has travelled in Germany is familiar with the word "verboten"—forbidden. He finds it is verboten to almost everything which he thinks he has been accustomed to do in the United States.—Chicago Standard.

A Valuable Heir.

A thirteenth century copper and gilt eborium, supposed to have come from Malmesbury abbey, was sold by auction in London for \$20,000.

Mme. Davis.



BORN CLAIRVOYANT AND CARD READER TELLS ABOUT BUSINESS.

1228 25th St. N.W., Washington, D. C. Gives Luck to All. N. B.—No letters answered unless accompanied by stamp. N. B.—Mention The Bee.

THE NIGHT RIDERS AIDED KENTUCKY

Original Organization Did Away
with Toll Gates and Brought
About Good Roads.

COMPANIES DISOBEYED THE LAW

Crimes Committed Now Are by
Gangs Hiding Behind Name of Old
Association Which Caused the
Abolishment of the Turnpike Com-
panies.

Louisville, Ky.—There has not
been, it is said, a crime of mob violence
committed in this State, in
Tennessee, or, in fact, in any of the
Southern States or in any of the
Middle Western States in the past
several years, with the exception of the
occasional lynching of a negro
by a mob, that has not been should-
ered on the Night Riders.

The Night Riders were an orga-
nized body back in 1900, when the
State Legislature passed a law do-
ing away with private ownership of
State roads. For months the turn-
pike corporations refused to obey
the State laws. They appealed to
the State Supreme Court, then to
the Court of Appeals, and lastly to
the United States Supreme Court,
and on each appeal they would get
a stay, which made it possible for
them to continue running their toll
gates and charging two cents a mile
for every horse or vehicle that passed
over their property.

Because of the law's delay the
condition of the roads became im-
passable. The owners of the turn-
pikes would not expend one cent
for improvements as long as there
was question of their losing their
property by a final court decision,
but they did not cease to molest trav-
elers. All this while they refused
to accept the fair price offered by
the State for their roads.

It was then that the Night Riders
were organized. The organization
spread from Shelby County to every
part of the State, and one night in
the late fall men rode from their
homes and began burning toll gates.
There is no record of a toll gate
keeper being injured unless he showed
resistance. Then he was taken
from the house, and if he continued
to be defiant he was flogged. In
ninety-nine cases out of a hundred
the toll gate keeper was glad to give
up his job and let the gate burn.

Night Riders undoubtedly brought
the turnpike corporations to terms.
There was not a toll gate left stand-
ing in the State of Kentucky by the
following spring. Had the taxpay-
ers and farmers been contented to
allow the law to take its never end-
ing course the chances are that toll
gates would still be holding up trav-
elers on the State roads to-day,
and that the roads would have been
worse now than they were when the
Night Riders became organized.

The Kentucky roads now are
among the best in the United States.
There are not millions of dollars of
watered stock on which to pay inter-
est, and the State tax has improved
them and even made it possible
for almost all of them to be sprink-
led with oil during the summer
season, thus laying the dust.

The success of the Night Riders
in the war against toll gates led to
an organization of a similar char-
acter when the fight was waged
against the American Tobacco Com-
pany. But out of this last organiza-
tion there grew a body of violent
men, who live on excitement and
thrive on lawlessness. Then sprang
up, too, lawless bodies of men in
many of the Southern and Middle
Western States, who chose to call
themselves Night Riders, though the
probabilities are that 99 per cent. of
the men didn't own so much as a
horse to ride.

If a list of the original body of
Night Riders could be had the
chances are that the names of many
men who figured in the operations
of the old Ku-Klux gang would be
found, and if this list were sifted
down it would show that many prop-
erty-owners and men of prominence
had resorted to violence because of
their belief that action was their
only safeguard against ruin, and
that a defiance of law had to be met
by a like defiance.

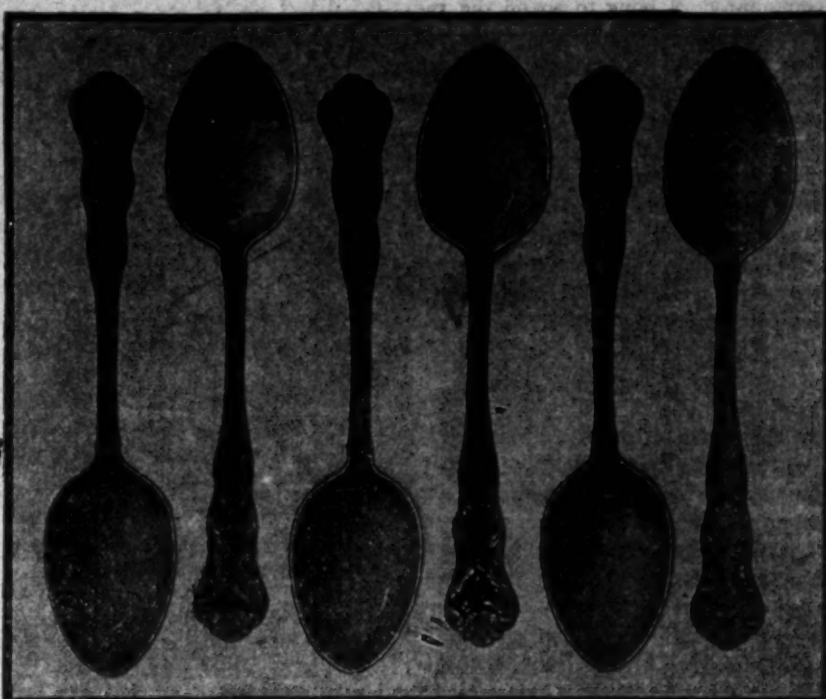
Psyche Knot a Life Saver.
Altoona, Pa.—Having washed and
dried her hair, Mary Heuser, aged
twenty-two, did it up in a Psyche
knot and walked out on the front
porch. While she leaned against the
railing it gave way and she was
precipitated backward, head first,
ten feet to the sidewalk, alighting
on her head. The collar broke the
impact of her head against the rail-
ings, but she did not entirely es-
cape injury.

She suffered a slight concussion
of the brain, but recovered consci-
ousness a few hours later.

Old Age Common in Rochefort.
Paris, France.—Rochefort seems
to be a great town for longevity. In-
vestigation of the records reveals the
fact that during the last century
from January 1, 1801, to December
31, 1900, 144 persons in Rochefort
attained the age of 90 or over. Two
of these were centenarians, one
reaching the age of 107, and the
other dying at 104.

2 GREAT OFFERS

This Splendid Six-Piece Set of W. H. Rogers' Guaranteed
Silver Ware Free to the Washington Bee Subscribers.



Famous W. H. Rogers Brand Warranted Solid Silver Metal,
Beautifully Finished. No Plating to Wear Off.

SET OF SIX TEA SPOONS

Absolutely guaranteed by manufacturers to wear forever.
Solid silver metal throughout—they cannot tarnish.

Rogers Silverware needs no introduction to the American
public. For more than 50 years the standard, it is recognized the
world over as the very best there is made. The name Rogers
stamped on a piece of silverware represents the highest type of
skill and workmanship and material.

Unquestionably the Daintiest and Acceptable Premium Ever
Offered by Any Newspaper.

The Bee wishes to add two thousand new subscribers to its
circulation within the next three months, and to accomplish this
is offering these beautiful sets free to each person who will
bring or mail to The Bee office one new subscription paid one
year in advance.

Do not delay. Cut out this coupon and mail it today.

The Bee Publishing Co.,
Washington, D. C.

Enclosed herewith please find \$2.00, for which please send me
The Washington Bee for one year, and send me at once, free,
postage paid, one six-piece set of Rogers Solid Silver Metal
Spoons, as advertised.

Name
Address
Name
Address

Everybody get busy and take advantage of these splendid offers
made to old and new subscribers of The Bee alike.

The above shears and spoons supplied and guaranteed by the
HAMILTON SILVER CO. Factory B., Muncie, Indiana.

James F. Oyster

THE LEADING PLACE IN THE CITY FOR
BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

OYSTER'S BUTTER IS THE SWEETEST IN THE MAR-
KET. HIS CHEESE IS THE PUREST AND EGGS THE
FRESHEST.

SQUARE STANDS, CENTER MARKET, 5TH AND K
STREETS, NORTHWEST, AND RIGGS MARKET.

OFFICE

WHOLESALE DEALER AND SALESMAN, 900 AND 902
PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, NORTHWEST.

RICHARDSON'S DRUG STORE,

316 Four-and-a-half Street, S. W.
As usual, invites the public to visit
his

MAMMOTH STORE

Stocked with everything in the
Drug line. Easter offerings in ev-
ery design. Pure drugs. Pre-
scriptions carefully compounded.

RICHARDSON'S DRUG

Firemen in the Metropolis.

There are more firemen killed and
injured in the performance of their
duties in New York City than in any
other city in the world.

Long Lived Swan.

Among the birds the swan lives to
be the oldest, in extreme cases reach-
ing 300 years. The falcon has been
known to live over 162 years.

The Sawed Off.

Laplanders are the shortest peo-
ple in Europe, the men averaging
4 feet, 11 inches, the women 4 feet
9 inches.

The Bristol to Paddington (Eng-
land) express covers 118½ miles in
two hours.

Glass telephone poles reinforced
by wire are being used in some parts
of Germany.

High Priced Peaches.

A commission agent in the Paris
fruit markets recently shipped a
basket containing 63 selected peaches
to London. The price for the lot
was \$540, or about \$9 each.

The Telephone.

If all the Bell telephones made
each year were blended into a sin-
gle instrument it would be nearly
300 miles high and weigh 4,000
tons.

Phonograph in Schools.

In some Viennese schools a pho-
nograph which repeats speeches is re-
acted by eminent actors has been in-
troduced in order to teach the pu-
pils declamation.

The Sailors Tobacco.

Three hundred tons of tobacco are
distributed annually among the sail-
ors of the British navy. It is sold
to them at cost.

Postal Service in the Desert.

A new monthly postal service
across the Sahara has just been es-
tablished. The messengers are
mounted on camels.

A Big Sawmill.

Louisiana has a steel sawmill with
a capacity of 600,000 feet a day,
which is said to be the largest in the
country.

When terrified the ostrich will
travel 25 miles an hour.

This Offer of The Washington Bee Will Appeal Especially to
Women
SELF-TIGHTENING SHEARS

The Winner Louisiana Exposition Shears
If this pair of Shears breaks or in any way becomes defective
within five years from date of purchase, they will be replaced
with a new pair without cost
Hamilton Silver Co., Factory B., Muncie, Indiana.
Notice the Guarantee Given by The Hamilton Silver Co. Can
The Best Shears In The World



Come to our office, 1109 Eye Street, northwest, and see this
"Self-Tightening Shear." You never saw anything like it.

ABSOLUTELY FREE

HOW WHEN WHY To Get a Pair.

1—Bring us one NEW subscriber, paid one year in advance; or
three NEW subscribers, each paid three months in advance.

2—RIGHT NOW because this is an excellent offer and in all
probability our supply will soon be exhausted.

3—Because it costs you nothing—it is impossible to buy them
—if you could the Shears would cost you about \$1.50.
Do not delay. Cut out this coupon and mail it today.

The Washington Bee Publishing Co.,
1109 Eye Street, Washington, D. C.

Enclosed herewith please find \$2.00 for which please send me
for one year, The Washington Bee, and at once, free, postage
paid, one pair of Self-Tightening Shears, as advertised.

Name Address
Name Address
Name Address

James H. Winslow

UNDERTAKER AND PRACTICAL EMBALMER.

ALL WORK FIRST CLASS. TERMS MOST REASONABLE

TWELFTH AND R STREETS, N. W.

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FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

Hiring, Levery and Sale Stable.

Carriages hired for funerals, parties, balls, receptions, etc.

Horses and carriages kept in first-class style. Satisfaction guar-
anteed. Business at 1132 Third street northwest. Main office branch
at 222 More street, Alexandria, Va.

Telephone for Office, Main 1727.

Telephone call for Stable, Main 1428-5.

OUR STABLES IN FREEMAN'S ALLEY.

Where I can accommodate 50 Horses.

Call and inspect our new and modern stable.

J. H. DABNEY, Prop., 1132 Third Street N. W.

W. Sidney Pittman Architect

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STEEL CONSTRUCTION A SPECIALTY.
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SHAFTING, DETAILING, TRACINGS
BLUE PRINTING

Phone: Main 6039—M. Office 494 Louisiana Ave., N. W.

Wm. Cannon,

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OLE DISTRIBUTOR OF OLD PURE SIM WHISKEY

AWED DEATH IN DESERT.

Body of R. T. Pratt, Dead from
Hunger and Thirst, Found
in California.

Los Angeles, Cal.—"Water, if I
could only find water! I'm suffering
terribly from hunger. To-day I ate
some green brush, but I can't go any
more. I wonder how long it will
take to die."

These entries in the notebook of
R. T. Pratt, whose body was found
on the desert in Inyo county by two
prospectors, give pathetic evidence
of the suffering the man underwent
as he watched the approach of death
far from human habitation. The
diary also was found by G. W. Lewis
and S. H. Shattuck, the prospectors
while on a trip through the Argus
Mountains in Inyo county. Pratt had
been dead nearly two months. He
was evidently trying to reach the
mountains, where he knew he would
find food of a sort and water in
abundance, but within sight of his
refuge he gave out and could go no
further. Pratt was sixty years old.
The entries in the notebook were
scribbled and began only when the
man found he was in danger of dy-
ing.

"Food gave out to-day; guess I
can make Argus," was the entry for
August 3, seven days after he had
started to cross the desert. "Water
gone," told the story of the follow-
ing day.

For one whole day he went with-
out water or food, but maintained
an optimistic spirit, as is witnessed
by the following entry for August 8:

"Signs of water about half mile
ahead. There will be green stuff
there too. Will reach it early in
the morning." But evidently the
desert was playing tricks on him, as
it so often does by means of a mir-
age. Two days later came the two
entries quoted first. The last entry
reads:

"I left Grapeville, Inyo county,
Cal., July 28. Tom Spratt told me
I would perish. I thought I could
make it, but got lost, so guess I
will have to give in. I have no
water, nothing to eat and can't walk.
I have brothers, C. H. Pratt, at Ban-
ner Springs, Wyandotte county,
Kan.; E. B. Pratt, in St. Louis, and
W. R. Pratt, Custer county, Wyo-
ming."

LONGEST AUTO FREIGHT LINE.

Cars Will Carry 27 Passengers and
10 Tons of Freight.

Spokane, Wash.—What is believed
to be the longest automobile freight
and passenger stage line on the con-
tinent is in operation between Ore-
ville and Brewster in Okanogan
County, Wash., connecting with a
steamer line to Wenatchee.

The line has two 60-horse power
cars, which will carry twenty-seven
passengers and ten tons of freight,
making the run of eighty miles in
eight hours. The trip by wagon oc-
cupies almost two days. Branch
lines will also be established to
other points in the Okanogan coun-
ty. The other line is between Mar-
cus and Kettle Falls in Stevens
County, north of Spokane, connect-
ing with a steamer to Spokane Falls.

These cars will be of twenty-five
and thirty horse power, respectively.
F. L. Barney has charge of the auto-
mobile line, while Capt. Bruce A.
Griggs, a veteran river man, will
operate the steamer line.

HAS A RABBIT PLAGUE.

Bold Otterontails Destroy Crops on
California Ranches.

San Francisco, Cal.—Jack rabbits
are said to be so numerous in the
Antelope valley of California that
the ranchmen are in despair. The
animals are becoming so fierce that
they are actually breaking down the
fences around the adjacent fields and
eating crops down to the roots. Not
content with this, they are swarm-
ing into the desert towns and in-
vading front yards of the dwellers.

Citizens of Lancaster turned out
recently and made a round-up. They
put up a fence across the road be-
tween fences surrounding fields on
each side and in short time drove in
and killed with clubs five hundred
jack rabbits.

EAGLE KILLS A SHARK.

Ship's Crew Witness Desperate Fight
in Chesapeake Bay.

Baltimore.—A remarkable com-
bat between a large eagle and a
shark was witnessed recently by
Captain Henderson and the crew of
the steamer Tangier in Chesapeake
Bay. When coming out of Ocohan-
neck Creek they saw the eagle dive
and come to the surface with a
shark. Then followed a fierce strug-
gle, the shark pulling the eagle un-
der the water until it was almost
exhausted. The fish was finally kil-
led and floated dead on the water.

Members of the steamer's crew
put off in a small boat and captured
the eagle, although it clawed them
repeatedly and its mate, hovering
close by, tried to attack them.

Shot an Albino Squirrel.

Marquette, Mich.—While hunting
near Grand Marais, Gustav Bayhart
shot and killed an albino squirrel.
It has been presented to James
Cairns, of Grand Marais, and will be
mounted. Albino deer are occasion-
ally killed in upper Michigan, but
this is the first time of which there
is record that a white squirrel has
been tagged.

THE BEE

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WHAT THEY LEAD TO

White reforms are good some times, but, more or less they all lead to destruction of good existing conditions. The teachers, that is the colored teachers, are up in arms. They don't know what danger awaits them. Persons who are employed in the public schools cannot do their full duty when the affairs in the schools are unsettled.

The wholesale changes in the colored schools may not be the best thing for the betterment of the public school system. Because a teacher becomes old in the service is no reason that he or she should be demoted or dismissed. We should be reminded of the story of the son and father. This was related unto us while upon a back sick unto death. It was related by a very distinguished friend of ours. A father had become old and decrepit. The son advised him to go to the poor house. The father readily consented, because he saw that his son was getting tired of him, and if he didn't go somewhere his treatment by his son would be unbearable. Upon his back the son carried his father to the poor house, but, just before he reached the poor house the son was compelled to stop and rest. He saw a rock and upon that large rock he placed the old man and himself to rest.

Some thirty years after that, the son had become old and he also was carried to the poor house. Just as he reached the rock upon which he placed his father in years gone by, the son was placed. "O," said the son, "did I ever think that the time would come when I would be compelled to sit upon this rock?" "Why this is the rock upon which I placed my father thirty years ago!"

So it will be seen that the time may come some day when a just retribution will be meted out to those who deprecate old age. We should be careful. The old and faithful teacher cannot help his condition. He has served the youth well in his younger days and in his retiring age he should be treated most liberally.

LIQUOR DEALERS

Elsewhere in The Bee will be seen and read with interest the resolutions passed by the Retail Liquor Dealers Association. The resolutions adopted by this association are very commendable and if followed, there can be no complaint made by those who are opposed to the saloons.

Strange to say, only one colored retail liquor dealer belongs to this association. Colored saloon keepers don't seem to guard their own interest. When the bill to abolish saloons was before the Senate District Committee last winter, not a colored liquor dealer appeared before it.

The Colored Personal Liberty League, an organization that has been advertising the liquor interest, was the only colored organization that had counsel to appear before that committee.

The local Liquor Dealers' As-

sociation is composed of some of the best and most influential business men in this city and the recent movement to regulate the conduct of their business is very commendable and should be endorsed.

OUR SCHOOLS

The recent changes in the public schools have caused consternation to some extent, but there is hardly a teacher in the divisions from which the two supervising principals were transferred who expresses any regret. The Bee for two years has urged the removal or transfer of Messrs. Nalle and Bailey. The Bee said then, as it does now, that the transfer of these two supervising principals would redound to the best interest of the public schools. Both of these men are now reaping what they have been sowing. A person must not come to the conclusion that he is a fixture in any position. A person that has become intoxicated over a little temporary power should remember that a day of retribution is bound to come. Both of these men could have been receiving the plaudits of the masses instead of their condemnation and jubilation.

NEGRO POLITICIANS

Our esteemed contemporary agrees with us, to some extent, concerning the Negro politician. The Bee has found him the same in every state in which he exists. The Bee doesn't object to the Negro being in politics, but it does object to him betraying his constituents for a selfish purpose. The present Negro politician is a failure and it cannot be denied. He has no influence in the White House, and to a great extent, he is afraid to visit the White House, and if he takes nerve to do so, and if the occasion presents itself for him to ask for anything, he does it in such a patronizing way.

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS

Miss Genevieve Blyden Maxfield
Elaborate preparations are being made for the entertainment of the National Medical Association which is to be held in Boston, Massachusetts.

Francis C. Van Dyke, who is well known for his many acts of charity, has donated a site on which a building will be erected at a cost of \$5,000, for the education of colored youths, in Patterson, New Jersey.

Walter S. Buchanan has been elected president of the Negro Agricultural and Mechanical College, the position formerly held by Professor William H. Council. Mr. Buchanan is a graduate of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute.

One of the most recently organizations that has developed out of the new movement for better conditions of living is known as "The League of Good Citizenship," formed in Chicago to promote civic pride.

The Liberian Commission arrived in the United States, Thursday, July 1, after a week's stay in Maderia.

The office rooms of Honorable R. W. Tyler, Auditor for the Navy Department, have been removed from the Munsey Building to the old Union Building, 6th and G streets, northwest.

The Journal of the American Medical Association states that in the past six years the barbaric Fourth of July celebrations have killed 1,316 and wounded 27,980 persons.

The Atlanta Independent says: "not even Governor Smith's friends, if he has any will regret his passing from office."

The most expensive railroad which has been built lately is the one which will shorten the distance between central Europe and the Adriatic, or the Alpine Road, which cost two million dollars a mile.

The Seaboard Air Line will lose three of their directors: Thomas F. Ryan, T. Jefferson Coolidge, of Boston, and James H. Dooley, of Richmond, Virginia.

Father St. Laurent, of St. Peter Claver Catholic Church Baltimore, Maryland, advised his congregation to have their children attend Catholic schools if they wish priests of their own race.

"Does a College Education Pay," is the question which will be asked by many of our young men and wo-

men who graduated this year.

The sleeping disease, which has only been attacking the natives in Congo, has at last found its way to the white man and has killed to percent of the population.

Wonder how the children, like showing their patriotism in a safe and sane way?

A great many teachers are at Cheyney, Pennsylvania, attending summer school. Professor Hugh M. Browne, Principal.

The Anti-Cigarette Law, which went into effect in the State of Washington is being rigidly enforced. Good results are expected therefrom.

It is said that the Lily White Republicans of the State of Texas, headed by Colonel Cecil Lyons, has served notice that Negroes retiring from Federal jobs need not expect reappointment.

The Georgia Railroad Arbitration Board decided that Negro firemen will get the same pay as white firemen for the same work. This may mean a gradual elimination of the Negro firemen.

The Interstate Commerce Commission decided that the Southern railroads act within the law and there is no discrimination. Where shall we look for justice?

The monument erected to the greatest colored poet, Paul Lawrence Dunbar, was unveiled last Saturday at 3 o'clock, at Woodlawn Cemetery, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Governor Hadley of Missouri, vetoed a bill which would have prohibited Negroes from wearing Elk or Masonic pins.

The National Medical Association of Negro Physicians will soon meet in Boston, of which Dr. A. M. Curtis is chairman.

The New York Commercial says that John Hays Hammond, the mining engineer of New York, receives a salary aggregating \$800,000 a year, which is more than any other man ever received for his personal services.

The big "Adjustment Fund," of \$400,000 for Lincoln Institute, Lexington, Kentucky, the proposed industrial and normal training school for colored pupils, to be established in Kentucky, as an adjunct to Berean College, was completed Saturday, June 26. Mr. Andrew Carnegie and Mrs. Russell Sage are the principal donors.

Senator Bradley's amendment concerning duties on hemp and tow of hemp, at two cents per pound, went through smoothly on the 26th of June.

During one of the worst storms that has visited Torrent, Kentucky, four big oil tanks filled with crude petroleum, were struck by lightning and about 36,000 barrels of oil were destroyed, together with a number of small buildings containing considerable machinery, this being the loss of the Indian Refining Company.

Thomas L. Brooks, the well known Negro contractor of Frankfort, Kentucky, was awarded the contract to build the new Administration and Trades Building, at the Kentucky Normal and Industrial Institute for colored Persons.

In proportion to wealth, Florida pays more in pensions than any other state. The amount for the past fiscal year being \$730,553.1. This is a heavy pension charge against a taxable wealth of only \$155,903,230.

There was a bomb explosion in Chicago which wrecked the rear of the Chicago Title and Trust Building and damaged every structure in the block. Several persons were injured and a loss of \$150,000 was caused.

W. Evans Dent, the nephew of General U. S. Grant by marriage, was shot by Alfred Cleveland Urlin, he having committed suicide in San Jose, California.

HE APOLOGIZES

Greenville, Miss. Saturday.—The communications given below, which fully explain themselves, have been accepted as a satisfactory settlement of the Bishop Lampton matter:

"Rev. Stephenson Archer, Greenville, Mississippi:

"My dear Sir—Referring to your conversation at the depot in Greenville the morning I left, in which you advised me of the report that I had insulted or offended one of the young lady telephone operators, or friends of hers, I beg to say that I utterly disclaim having said or done anything intended to offend or insult the young lady or any of her friends, and sincerely regret if I used any expression which would bear such construction, and if so I cheerfully

withdraw it and apologize for it.

"I have never asked or stood for social recognition of equality. You have known me for a quarter of a century, known what my life has been, and can bear me out in this. My home has always been in your community. I hope to spend the remainder of my life there. I believe that the South is the best place for my people, and I would feel that I was false to them and lacking in my duty as a Christian if I ever said or did anything to bring about race friction, or cause bad feeling among the white people toward my race.

"I earnestly request that you represent the matter in the right light to the community. Respectfully,
"E. W. Lampton."

TO THE PUBLIC:

"We are glad to be able to say that the foregoing communication is satisfactory to those interested and the spirit and tone of it is such as to remove any hostility which may have existed to the return of E. W. Lampton to Greenville.

Stevenson Archer,
J. D. Smythe,
W. K. Gildart,
Committee."

DR. SHEPARD

From the Durham Daily Sun
Durham moves onward. Durham is building along all lines as she has never built before. This time the colored people of our city score a great success, and the harmony of feeling, and co-operation of their white friends, has made it possible for them to establish here a great educational institution, which will be to them in North Carolina what Tuskegee is to their race in Alabama. The leading spirit in this successful move is Dr. James E. Shepard of this city, who is the pride of his people here and who is an indefatigable worker for the uplift of the Negro, industrially as well as spiritually, and he is backed by a community of colored people, for energy, industry and thrift that cannot be equaled—we make no exceptions for any place. The intelligent, upright and God-fearing Durham Negro is making his way and mark in the fruitful fields of sobriety and honest business toil, as their work shows for itself, and the achievement in getting this training school is an example. They are ably seconded by the white people, and they are much elated over their success.

THE NEBRO

TRAINING SCHOOL

Durham Has Been Selected as the Place for its Location
The Site Given by B. L. Duke and the Merchants' Association—Will Be Located on the Fayetteville Road About a Mile from the City

Durham, N. C., July 2.—Durham gets another school—a great Negro enterprise. Dr. James E. Shepard is the leading spirit in the movement, with enthusiastic co-adjutors.

The National Religious Training School and Chautauqua, whose papers of incorporation reached the colored promoters in this city yesterday, will be located upon the Fayetteville road, about a mile from this city, and the land has been donated the enterprise by Mr. B. L. Duke and the Merchants' Association.

Mr. Duke gave half of it and a committee of merchants succeeded in securing deeds for the other half. There are twenty acres, finely located and the work will begin soon.

The strife for location was strong. Irmo, South Carolina, had the first bid, and it looked once that that place with its 280 acres, would win. Hillsboro ran a close race, Winston-Salem Greensboro, and other North Carolina towns wanted it. The school has such big plans that any town would have wanted it badly.

The institution will eventually have three brick buildings. It is to cost about \$150,000 complete without a hotel, which Dr. James E. Shepard, its chief spirit, hopes to erect later. He wants an endowment fund and he has succeeded in getting the ear of many big men of the nation. In North Carolina Governor Glenn, Senator Overman, Judge Pritchard and Superintendent Joyner have endorsed the work and President Taft and ex-President Roosevelt have encouraged him. Durham's rich men will give substantial checks and there is money enough to begin.

The school will be fashioned after the Northfield and Winona Lake Bible Schools, having the chautauqua features. Its specialty will be the

training of colored ministers, whom Doctor Shepard reckons as the real leaders of the race. A specialty also is missionary training, and of course there will be the regular classical education. It is just a big dream now but it is in the hands of a large-hearted citizen, whose clear vision controls the generous fervor of the idealist. It is the event to date among the Durham colored people.

THE NEGRO POLITICIAN

From the Forth Worth Outlook
It must be admitted that the Negro Politician is a failure. He neither understands the philosophy of politics nor will he be taught its rudiments by those who know.

The Negro politician's ambition is for office and so far as his people are concerned he cares but little. The Negro politician is everlastingly scheming to injure those who may aspire for office. His ambition is for office and nothing more. If he fails to get an office the administrative power is all wrong and the chief executive is inimical to his people.

There are some politicians who love politics for the novelty and amusement realized and there are a few others who believe that to the "victor belongs the spoils."

This is the sensible politician and there is much wisdom in his philosophy.—Washington Bee.

The Bee in this expression is in the main correct, but the statement is too broad in that it includes all Negro politicians.

The Outlook believes that there are some worthy Negro politicians who are moved by high and worthy motives. Taking the terms politics from which the adjective politicians is derived, it by no means carries with the low idea that is currently applied to the term, but is a proper term to be used and applied to all men who are actively interested in governmental questions.

The Negro as an American citizen has a right to be a politician. Of course we admit that the majority of the men who have interested themselves in politics have abused their privileges and betrayed the race, but we do not believe that all of them have been thus moved.

NEW PARAGRAPHIC WRITER

From and after this date, paragraphic news will be written by Miss Genevieve Blyden Maxfield, and the social column will also be under her immediate direction and supervision. Address all communications for these sections to her, care of The Bee.

Miss Maxfield is well known in the social circle and comes from one of the best known and leading families.

PROMINENT MASON DEAD

Thornton Andrew Jackson, a 33d degree Illustrious Past Commander of the Supreme Council of Scottish Rite Masonry for the Southern and Western Jurisdiction, died on the 26th ultimo, after a lingering illness covering several months. Funeral services over his remains were held at the 15th Street Presbyterian Church, on Tuesday evening, the 29th. Deceased was an old resident of this District, and very active in both the social and church circles. He served acceptably as trustee of the 15th Street Presbyterian church for several years, and was an active member over forty years. There were but few members of the church at the funeral, probably less than a dozen, which caused some comment. The several branches of Masonry, however, turned out in large numbers, embracing the Supreme Council—Smith of Baltimore, Sovereign Grand Commander, the Grand Commandery, the Grand Lodge, Pythagoras Lodge of Masons, to which deceased belonged, and the Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star, of which order deceased was the Past Grand Patron.

Rev. F. J. Grimkie conducted the funeral services, assisted by Rev. Walter Brooks, pastor of the 19th Street Baptist Church.

Mary L. Beason, a well known resident of West Washington, and a successful teacher in our public schools, died at her residence 2462 P street, Saturday, July 3, at 11 p. m. Funeral services were held Wednesday at the Mt. Zion Methodist Episcopal Church. Miss Beason was very prominent in church work and also took an active interest in the Epworth League, in which organization she held office.

John Edward Burgess, a member of the Veteran Odd Fellows organization, died suddenly Saturday, July 3. Deceased was well known in both the church and social circles. He was

an active member in the several branches of the order of Odd Fellows, and also an influential and valuable member of the Young Men's Immediate Benefit Relief Association.

Funeral services over his remains were held at the 19th Street Baptist Church last Wednesday.

Good people, genial people, sincere people will greet you at St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church excursion on the 21st instant. There will be no crowding, as arrangements have been perfected for ample boat service. The committee in charge guarantees highly satisfactory service in every particular. All good people will be welcomed and made to feel comfortable and at home.

FAIRMOUNT HEIGHTS

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

The members and friends of this church, recently organized, gave a picnic, on the 4th instant. Addresses were delivered by Miss Mattie Bowen and Mrs. Julia M. Layton. Refreshments were served at reasonable prices, and a liberal sum was realized. Proceeds were for the benefit of the work.

A very successful lawn entertainment was held the past week in the rear of St. Augustine's Church, in 15th street.

Mr. Emmett J. Scott, of Tuskegee, Alabama, one of the Liberian Commission, has returned to the city.

The little son of Attorney A. W. Scott has been quite ill.

Attorney Thomas L. Jones has been sick with a complication of ailments.

Miss Dora Barker, who has been sick for some time is improving.

Miss Mary Beason, of West Washington, died at her home last Saturday night. Miss Beason was one of the best known teachers in the public schools.

MANHATTAN DANCING CLASS

This popular organization gave a very enjoyable and successful excursion on Friday, the 1st instant, to River View. Several hundred friends of the class attended. Professor Bryson Chase was in charge of the arrangements, assisted by Mr. Charles Green. Professor Cole's orchestra furnished the music.

OLD MADE NEW.

If you want your clothing cleaned, altered or repaired, you should send a card or call at the up-to-date repair establishment. All work guaranteed or money refunded.

J. C. Colvin,
Proprietor,
614 D street, northwest.

THE ONLY UP TO DATE
HAIR DRESSING PARLOR
IN THE CITY FOR COLORED
LADIES. SCALP AND HAIR
TREATMENT. ELECTRIC
FACIAL AND SCALP MAS-
SAGE. MANICURING, SHAM-
POOING, ELECTRIC HAIR
DRYING.

HAIR CULTURE A SPECIALTY. ALL WORK DONE IN SEPARATE APARTMENTS.

DAVIS & THORN,
1403 & 1405 T STREET NORTH
WEST.

RELIGIOUS SHOWS

Dr. Richardson, the Religious Show King, of moving pictures, having expended more than \$250.00 for fire-proof cabinet, automatic machine and electric fixtures, to satisfy the new



fire law, is now ready to make dates to show in all churches, with all new pictures. His name alone means success. Very liberal terms. Call or write, 2310 F street, northwest. Phone.

HOTEL MACEO.

When visiting New York City, stop at the Hotel Maceo, 213 West 53rd Street, corner Broadway. Steam heated. Telephone, 803. Columbus.

B. F. Thomas, Prop.

Send for The Bee if you want a live paper.



Colored Skin Made Lighter

The Chemical Wonder Company of New York manufactures seven Chemical Wonders which enable colored people to improve their appearance. These wonders cost 50 cents each. White people spend millions to beautify themselves. Colored people should make themselves attractive as possible. Colored men who use these wonders secure better situations in banks, clubs and business houses. Colored women occupy higher positions socially and commercially, marry better, get along better.

(1) Complexion Wonder Creme makes dark skin lighter colored, not with artificial white, but naturally; makes the skin itself lighter colored every time it is applied. Keeps the skin healthy, soft, fine. Makes any colored face more attractive. Improves any colored countenance like magic.

(2) Magneto-metallic comb, called Wonder Comb, can be heated before using and will straighten any hair. Will last a lifetime.

(3) Pomade, called Wonder Uncurl, uncurls kinks in hair and keeps it straight, lustrous and flexible. Wonder Uncurl heated into the scalp with a Wonder Comb will make the kinkiest head of hair look handsome.

(4) Wonder Hair Grow. Fertilizers in corn fields makes corn stalks grow, so this fertilizer rubbed into the scalp makes the hair grow longer, strengthens the scalp so it can hold the hair from falling out. It can be heated into the scalp with a Wonder Comb.

(5) Odor Wonder Powder instantly destroys perspiration odor. Thousands of men are barred from good salaries because of this unseen horror. Thousands of women are shut off from marriage and social life by this invisible barrier. People cannot detect perspiration odor on themselves. Every living being should use this powder.

(6) Odor Wonder Liquid is delightful as a toilet water; can be used with Odor Wonder Powder or separately. Surrounds the body with fragrance. A great luxury for those who can afford it.

(7) This pink variety of Complexion Wonder Creme No. 2 is called Shell-Pink. Gives lovely pink cheeks to light brown or mulatto colored faces. Light brown complexion with pink cheeks mark great personal beauty.

Information book free. Correspondence free. Please send your address. Agents wanted everywhere. Can start business with \$3.00.

Delivery free. Applications for agency considered. M. B. Berger & Co., 2 Rector Street, New York City, selling agents for Chemical Wonder Company.

Ross & Mundin, 100 20th Street, Washington, D. C.
Board & McGuire, 14th Street, Washington, D. C.

Excursion Season For 1909

Steamer River Queen to Washington Park.
Steamer Jane Moseley to Norfolk, Baltimore, and Landings down the Potomac River.

Books now open for charter on the River Queen and Jane Moseley.

Secure your dates at once, before they are all taken.



WASHINGTON PARK

This beautiful park has a collection of attractions never before offered to the Washington public. It is located about ten miles from Washington on the Potomac River. The Scenic Railway, with its electric power plant for 7,000 lights—a Figure 8. The Carrousel, double-decker, with music attachments. A 5 and 10-cent Theater. A Penny Arcadium, Moving Pictures, Shooting Gallery. A Dairy Lunch Depot and Buffet. Dancing Pavilion. Pool and Billiard Hall, and forty acres of Shady Woods and Dells. The River Queen makes daily trips to Washington Park at 10 a. m., 12 m., and 2, 4, 6, and 8 p. m.

For particulars address Lewis Jefferson, General Manager, Seventh and N Streets Wharf.

Columbia Ice Company

COLUMBIA ICE COMPANY COAL AND WOOD
Prompt delivery made to all parts of the city, by telephone or postal card.

John E. McGaw, President and General Manager.

Joseph T. Peake, Secretary and Treasurer.

10th Street Wharf, southwest.

Phone, Main 272.

Her-Tru-Line

For The Hair

THE GREAT HAIR GROWER

HER-TRU-LINE removes dandruff. Cures all skin and scalp diseases, makes the HAIR soft and glossy and stops it from falling out.

HER-TRU-LINE penetrates to the roots of the HAIR, gives it new life and vigor, causing it to take on a new and rapid growth.

Large jars 50 cents at all drug stores and by our special agents. Sample box mailed to any address on receipt of five two-cent stamps.

Agents wanted everywhere to sell this wonderful HAIR GROWER.



Southern Medicine Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen:

I wish to say that my hair was only about three inches long and so kinky, stiff and harsh I could not manage it at all, but after using two jars of your Her-Tru-Line I have a pretty suit of hair as any lady in Atlanta. I wish every one with curly or kinky hair knew of this wonderful Her-Tru-Line.

Yours respectfully,
Miss Lovie Mayes
Marietta St Atlanta Ga.

Southern Medicine Co.
Box 754 Atlanta Ga.

CITY HALL LUNCH ROOM.

OPEN DAILY FROM 9 A. M. TO 4 P. M.
THIS IS A FIRST-CLASS LUNCH ROOM. EVERYTHING TO APPEASE YOUR APPETITE
COMMODIOUS DINING ROOMS FOR THE PUBLIC AND THE BAR ASSOCIATION. HOT AND COLD LUNCHES QUICKLY SERVED.

CITY HALL LUNCH ROOM,
MRS. AL TOPER, PROPRIETRESS.

We lay all Mattings without extra charge and guarantee their wear

Our Credit Offer is Open to YOU

We're not talking to your neighbor, nor to any particular number of people with whom we are already acquainted—we mean you. We're ready to give you an open account for all the home furnishings you may need.

We require no contract, lease, or notes—no money when you buy

We hold no lien of any description on the goods you buy—tell us what you will pay on the account each week or month, and that promise is the only security we ask.

Peter Grogan and Sons Company
817-823 Seventh St.

They say many people are leaving the city for the summer, but you would never think it, judging from the crowds around the soda fountain at the drug store of Board and McGuire, 1912 1-2 14th Street, northwest.

Full particulars will appear in our advertising columns. River View Park has been selected, but a subsequent excursion will be given either to Somerset Beach or to Washington Park, as the friends and patrons of the church may elect.

Mr. W. L. Houston, Grandmaster of the G. U. O. of O. F., will be in the city July 25 and remain until about August 6, on business connected with the order. He then goes to Mobile, Alabama, and Albany, Georgia, to attend the sessions of the Grand Lodges of those states, returning to Chicago about the middle of August. Mr. Houston is succeeding admirably in the practice of the law, as the partner of former Grand Master Edward H. Morris.

Assistant District Attorney's J. A. Cobb's office in the police court building is to be materially improved.

Mr. George H. DeReef, of South Carolina, has been appointed an assistant clerk in the division of the Municipal Court presided over by Judge Robert H. Terrell. Mr. DeReef is the first colored man to hold such a position in the District of Columbia.

Mr. Walter W. Mischeaux, formerly a resident of this city, is serving most successfully as assistant postmaster under Honorable Joshua E. Wilson at Florence, South Carolina.

Colonel Henry Lincoln Johnson, of Georgia, was in town last week, to give the President a summary of political conditions in the "Cracker" State. Georgia will receive some attention at the hands of Mr. Hitchcock at an early date, if the political wisecracks hereabouts are to be believed. Colonel Johnson did some effective work for the Taft and Sherman tickets in the last campaign.

A private party, consisting of Mesdames W. L. Houston, J. A. Lankford, T. J. Brown, Lina Silkman Buckner, H. P. Slaughter, Lucy Hamilton Nooks, Miss L. Blanche Wright, and others, picniced most pleasantly at Fairmount Heights last Monday.

Why not await the grand excursion to River View on the 21st instant, by the good people of St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church.

Every day makes new friends for the Board and McGuire Pharmacy, on 14th street, between Tea and You, and they are always busy around there.

Mrs. Booker T. Washington spent a few days in the city last week, en route to her summer home at Huntington, Long Island. While here she was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Calloway, and Mr. and Mrs. W. Sidney Pittman.

Dr. and Mrs. Henry L. Bailey (nee Miss Josephine Willis Clarke), are spending their "honeymoon" in Boston, the guests of District Attorney W. H. Lewis. After September 1 they will be "at home" to their friends at 1633 19th street, northwest.

Miss E. Blanche Gibson, of the Clarke Training School, is at Atlantic City for five weeks, giving instruction in millinery to a number of classes especially organized by the citizens of that burg for the benefit of young colored women. Miss Gibson has had ample experience in the art of making pretty headgear and is finding the work highly congenial.

The "Dunbar Theater" moving picture show is crowded nightly. Similar shows are planned for the corner of 11th and U streets, in the buildings that are to be put up by the Colored Laborers' Building and Loan Association, and by Mr. James F. Childs.

Dr. Booker T. Washington is announced for an important address to-

day at Chautauqua, New York. He is a "star" of the Chautauqua circuit and on this occasion excursions are being run to the grounds from cities within a radius of more than one hundred miles. The "Wizard" is conceded to rank with William Jennings Bryan as a "drawing card" at these educational meetings.

Professor J. S. Thomas, instructor in German in the High and Manual Training School, of Baltimore, spent last Sunday in the city.

Mrs. Ralph W. Tyler is at Columbus, Ohio, for the summer.

Mrs. A. M. Curtis and children are at their summer cottage at Arundel-on-the-Bay. They were joined this week by Mrs. Emmett J. Scott and her five children, who are to await the coming of Mr. Emmett J. Scott, who will be in Washington next week to make his report to the President on conditions in the Liberian Republic. Mrs. Scott and daughter, Leonora, are in New York this week, with Mr. Scott.

Miss Etta Maxwell, of the Sixth Auditor's Office, has gone to her home in Louisville, Kentucky, for a stay of six weeks. She will remain for the session of the National Negro Business League.

Mr. Samuel T. Henry spent the Fourth of July season with his family at Delaware City, Delaware.

Miss Bessie Pinkney was quietly married to Rev. Arthur F. Wallace last Wednesday at noon.

Miss Daisy Walls, of Boston, Massachusetts, spent a few days in this city, en route for Lincolnton, North Carolina.

Attorney Charles P. Ford, of Worcester, was in the city a few days on legal business.

Miss Mary Peyton, of this city, who has been the guest of Mrs. Brooks, of Dorchester, Massachusetts, returned to the city last Saturday.

Mrs. Ralph W. Tyler is spending the summer in Columbus, Ohio, with her mother.

Dr. Roscoe Wormley, who has been practicing in Plainfield, New Jersey, has been appointed demonstrator in the Dental College at Howard University.

Rev. C. W. Mossell spent Sunday in Baltimore.

Miss Bertie Mason was the guest of friends in Baltimore, Maryland.

Miss Edna Rattley, of 22 O street, left last week for Charlotte, North Carolina, where she will spend the summer.

Miss Marguerite Anderson, who has been sick, is now able to be out again.

Professor Kelly Miller, of Howard University, was entertained by Dr. and Mrs. George H. Hall, also by Dr. and Mrs. F. L. Barnett, while in Chicago, Illinois.

Miss Madge Morrison, of Mound City, Illinois, is the guest of friends in this city.

Miss Murrilla, a teacher in the Armstrong Manual Training School, is one of the faculty of the summer school at Ann Arbor. She will receive the degree of A. M., while there.

Mr. William Thomas, of this city, has been visiting friends in Providence, Rhode Island.

Mr. Samuel White, of this city, was quietly married to Miss Ida Holt, of Norfolk, Virginia.

Mr. T. H. Robinson, of this city, was the guest of Mrs. A. D. Robinson, while in Newport News, Virginia.

Dr. Frederick S. Phillips arrived in this city from Atlanta, Georgia, last week. The doctor expects to make this city his future home.

Professor Robert L. Gross, of this city, was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Collins, while in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Colonel H. L. Johnson, of Atlanta, Georgia, is the guest of friends in the city.

Professor Jones, and little son Wendell, of this city, is visiting his friends in Columbus, South Carolina.

Professor William A. Joiner delivered the commencement address at Wilberforce University, Ohio.

The Bee solicits brief social items, which will be published free of all charge. To insure publication all news must be received not later than Tuesday of each week. All communications must bear the name of the sender.

Among those who passed the Pharmaceutical Board of Maryland, were Miss Annie Albert and John Fitzgerald.

It is said that Miss Maud Young, daughter of Colonel James H. Young, has accepted a position as teacher in Music at Howard University.

Miss Belle Stark, of Baltimore, spent Sunday the guest of friends in this city. Miss Stark is to marry one of the teachers of this city.

Drs. Norwood, Starles and Miller, graduates of Howard University, took the examination before the State Board of Maryland.

Mr. and Mrs. Felix Nevin left this city last Monday night for Niagara Falls and Buffalo, where they will spend their honeymoon.

Miss Blanche Nugent, of this city, spent some hours in Harrisburg, Pa., last Saturday. She is a member of the M Street High School faculty.

Miss Hattie Boyd and her mother left this city last Monday for Atlantic City, New Jersey, where she will spend her vacation.

Miss Carrie B. Lee, an employee of the Bureau of Engraving, returned to this city from a short visit to New York City, last Tuesday night.

Miss Josephine Danbridge, one of our school teachers, left the city last Saturday morning for Cheyney, Pennsylvania, where she will spend her vacation.

Mr. Herman Drelar, a graduate of the M Street High School, 1907, now a member of Bowdoin College, Brunswick, Maine, is now in the city spending his vacation with his parents.

Mrs. John H. Paynter, of 1205 W street, northwest, left this city last Thursday for Oklahoma.

Rev. W. McHenry Winters, a Cuban minister, left this city last Friday morning for Asbury Park, New Jersey, where he will remain for a short time.

Mr. W. Earl Lindsay, who made a good record in the government service, and is now employed in the War Department, spent his Fourth with his father at their home in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Among the young men and ladies who are home from college are Hugh Francis, W. T. Wenard, James Hunter, John Pinkett, T. Hurst Cedric Francis, Talley Holmes, Harold Haynes, Charles Fisher, Joseph Evans, John W. P. Dancy, James

KnowTheFuture

and write to MME. LOUISA, WEST INDIAN ASTROLOGER, and PHYSIOLOGIST.

Dear Friend:—

My aim and work is to help others in health, strength and success of life, and I can benefit you. For a good business reading, and advice on all important affairs, and questions answered, fee \$1.00.

In sending orders please write address and date of birth plainly, and state whether married or single.

1712 Montrose Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

J. C. BAUMAN

.....RESTAURANT.....
301 H STREET, NORTHWEST
Phone Main 2190.

Boags, The Misses Elmira Street, and Clarice Jones.

Mr. Eugene Clark, former graduate of the M Street High School, Exeter and Williams College, and who came out as No. 1 in post graduate course of the Normal School, left the city last week for Sea Bright, New Jersey, where he will spend his vacation.

Architect W. Sidney Pittman was in Frankfort, Kentucky, last week to meet with the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Normal and Industrial Institute. The plans submitted by Mr. Pittman were as handsome and complete as have ever been seen in Frankfort, and are not only a credit to him but an honor to the race.

Mr. Douglass P. Syphax, one of our prominent attorneys, has as his guests, his mother and her husband. They are stopping with their sons, 447 P street, northwest. A great many social functions are being arranged for them.

Mrs. Jennie West, formerly of Cincinnati, but more recently of Cleveland, Ohio, died on July 4 at the residence of her son, Mr. Harry West, of 1419 H street, northeast. The deceased came to this city not long since, intending to remain but a short time. In the meantime Mr. West was taken sick and the devoted mother would not leave until his recovery. She was attacked with acute nephritis and died within one short week.

Mr. and Mrs. West and Mrs. Burton accompanied the remains to Cleveland, where the funeral took place on last Tuesday. Mrs. West while in the city, made many friends in church and social circles and was beloved by all who knew her. She was sixty-one years of age and leaves two sons and three daughters. We extend to Mr. and Mrs. West and the rest of the family, our heartfelt sympathy.

HABANERA.

(Habanera.)

JAQUES MENDELSSOHN.



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Habanera. 2 pp.—2d p.

Kenyon
Hangwell Trousers

wear wonderfully well. They never lose their shape because they are cut on our own special pattern which allows plenty of room for sitting. They do not bag at the knees because there is no strain on the seams.

Made in 116 sizes and 400 fabrics.

If your dealer does not sell them, write to us.

C. KENYON COMPANY
23 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK

W.B. Reduso CORSETS

The Perfect Corset for Large Women

It places over-developed women on the same basis as their slender sisters. It tapers off the bust, flattens the abdomen, and absolutely reduces the hips from 1 to 5 inches. Not a harness—not a cumbersome affair, no torturing straps, but the most scientific example of corsetry, boned in such a manner as to give the wearer absolute freedom of movement.

New W. B. Reduso No. 770. For large tall women. Made of white coutil. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price \$3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 771. Is the same as No. 770, but is made of light weight white balise. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price \$3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 772. For large short women. The same as No. 770, except that the bust is somewhat lower all around. Made of white coutil, hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price \$3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 773. Is the same as No. 772, but made of light weight white balise. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price \$3.00.

Ask any dealer anywhere to show you the new W. B. "hip-subduing" models, which will produce the correct figure for prevailing modes, or any of our numerous styles which are made in such a variety as to guarantee perfect fit for every type of figure.

From \$1.00 to \$3.00 per pair.

WEINGARTEN BROS., Mfrs. 377-379 BROADWAY, NEW YORK



A YOUNG LION SLAYER.

Beer Farmer Boys Make Good Shows On the African Veldt.

Three lions were killed near Pietersburg, Transvaal by the nineteen-year-old son of Josef Erasmus, a Beer farmer. It appears that young Erasmus was on his way to the Messina mine and had outspanned his donkey team, when his kaffir boy came running to tell him that three lions were tackling the donkeys. Erasmus seized his gun and ran hard in the direction indicated. On his arrival at the spot he found the lions lying around one of the donkeys. He fired and killed a big lioness. The other two jumped up but he was ready and shot another (younger) lioness. The young lion which was left ran behind some brushwood. Erasmus first collected his donkeys and brought them into safety and then once more carefully approached the scene of the fight. In order to find out if the two lionesses were dead he fired another shot at one of them. This disturbed the surviving lion who thereupon came forth roaring. Erasmus was again ready and shot him dead on the spot. Asked by the Volksstem correspondent whether he was alone at the time, Erasmus replied: "Oh, no, Oom, I had my little kaffir boy with me." The skins were sold in Pietersburg.—Pretoria Volksstem.

Petroleum Brazilian Vipers.

Much is made of the lance-head viper, "the most deadly of all known reptiles," brought from Brazil to New York for the purpose of an operation which will give a serum that is practically extinct. There are several singularly interesting snakes in Brazil. The suru cusu is supposed to cause death in six hours. It is sometimes found nine feet long. Its skin is a dirty tawny yellow, with dark brown blotches on the back. It is said to be attracted by fire but seldom to injure travellers. The fiercest of the lance-headed vipers is the Jararoca, and it, also, is a dirty yellow, but it is brown-black about the tail.—Boston Herald.

Birds, Fruit, Dead Leaves.

The Mohi Indian women of Arizona have an ingenious and romantic form of coiffure. When young these women coil their tresses at the sides of their heads, so as to represent the buds of a native plant. This signifies that they themselves are in the flush of youth and of marriageable age. When they are married their hair is arranged to represent the fruit of the plant; while in old age their locks hang straggling down their backs, typical of the withered stalk of the dead or dying plant.

Answers.

Brides Older Than Bridegrooms.

The vital statistics prepared by City Clerk Entwistle of Salem shows that during 1907 there were 479 marriage licenses issued and 396 solemnized in the city, which is 18 fewer than the previous year. The oldest bridegroom was 63 and the oldest bride 59, while the youngest bridegroom was 16 and the youngest bride 15. Seventy-one brides were older than the bridegrooms.—Boston Transcript.

Vegetable Milk.

"Vegetable milk" is used in Japan. It is made from the soja bean. The liquid is exactly like cow's milk in appearance, and in taste can hardly be distinguished from it. To make it the beans are first soaked and then boiled in water. Some sugar and phosphate potassium are added, and it is boiled down till it has the consistency of condensed milk.

Valuable Relics.

At an auction sale at Christie's in London of the late Marchioness of Conyngham's art collection a silver ewer and dish, weighing together 90 ounces, a gift of George IV to an ancestor of the Marchioness, sold for \$21,000.

A Venerable Turtle.

A Massachusetts boy, Nathan Sampson, has found a venerable turtle which bears markings made by his grandfather, now 81 years old, which were put on in 1840, and by his great-grandfather, who marked the same turtle in 1816.

Slightly Mxed.

The story is now going the rounds of the country papers about a man who visited the paying-teller's window in a bank and asked for one of the new coins with "God Bless Our Home" left off.

A Healthful Occupation.

Bull fighters receive \$417 per hour, and the occupation is so healthful that unless killed by accident its followers invariably reach a green old age.

Newspapers in Persia.

Persian newspapers are reproduced from handwriting by lithography, no types being used.

Vicinas Beggars.

Vienna has 33,000 street beggars, and many of them make a better living than workmen.

It has been estimated that a London fog weighs 2,000,000,000 tons.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a simple Latest Model "Hedgehorn" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. Write for full particulars and special offer at once.

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. without a cent deposit in advance. **Prove it, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL** during which time you may ride the bicycle and test it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and you will not be out one cent.

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save \$10 to \$25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. **DO NOT BUY** a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and the low prices we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with \$1.00 profit above factory cost.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from \$3 to \$8 or \$10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, BICYCLE DEALERS. You can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders mailed the day received.

\$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR \$4.80

The regular retail price of these tires is \$12.50 per pair, but in introduction we will sell you a sample pair for \$4.80 (cash or bill order \$4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILED, TACKS OR GLASS will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of this, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is \$12.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only \$4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price \$4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. We will also send one nickel plated brass hand pump. Tires to be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES Hedgehorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

but write us a postal today. **DO NOT THINK OF BUYING** a bicycle until you have a pair of these tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

2+2=4

ONLY 4c. IN STAMPS for a sample bottle of the

FINEST FRENCH PERFUME

ED. PINAUD'S LILAC VEGETAL

Write at once to our American Offices. Send 4c. and we will mail you a sample of the most exquisite, delightful extract you ever used. Retail price 75c. for a large bottle.

— All Dealers —

PARFUMERIE ED. PINAUD, DEPT. M ED. PINAUD BLDG., NEW YORK

COUNTERFEITERS' NEW SCHEME

How the Smooth Demonstrator Gets His Victim's Coin.

"One of the latest schemes of the counterfeit money swindlers is to show gullible people a machine with which they can print for themselves large size bills, imitative of Government currency," said Capt. S. F. Rhodes, formerly of the secret service. "This money producing machine has a smooth demonstrator who will, after getting a prospective victim interested, turn the crank and grind out a \$20 note, which, it is needless to say, is genuine. The victim shows the bill to a bank cashier, and hears it pronounced good, and his mercenary nature being aroused, he sees visions of gigantic wealth, and hands over to Mr. Sharp, or \$500, or at least \$250, for the instrument that is going to make him a Rockefeller. It is needless to say that the subsequent specimens turned out are such miserable imitations that they would hardly fool a blind man, but the ignorant is in a place where he can't make a roar for his lost money."

The Swaying Skyscraper.

Through the chance of perfect adjustment in the way of balance, of a row of large photographs that hang on a wall of an office building down town the clerks in the place have a good deal of quiet amusement with persons who visit the place for the first time. Owing to this balance the pictures are easily awayed by the wind that blows through the open windows and since the office force goes in for fresh air the year round the pictures are never still. The joke lies in catching the horrified expression on the faces of the callers when they get a sight of the swaying frames. Then it is always explained with due solemnity, if the boss is not around that the swaying of the frames is due to the oscillation of the structure. It usually takes some time for the object of the joke to see the point. Meanwhile he has suffered a considerable shock.—N. Y. World.

Odd South American Animals.

Many curious animals haunt the marshy parts of South America north of the pampas. Frogs big and ferocious, given to making vicious springs when closely approached; the capybara, a cavy "contented with the bulk of a sheep"; the huge capybara and the swarthy piglike tapir are frequently seen. Along the forest margins troops of peccaries are often met with, occasionally the jaguar sometimes the puma. Likewise that toothless curiosity, the great ant bear, long in claw, long nosed and remarkably long tongued. A familiar object is the great jabiru, a stork with a preference for the desolate lagoons, where it may often be observed statuque on one leg and wrapped in procession.—Scotsman.

The Ginkgo Tree.

Studies by Miss M. C. Stopes of the fossil flora of Scotland have shown that the ginkgo or maidenhair tree, a native of Japan and China, which is cultivated in Europe and this country on account of its remarkable foliage, belongs to an extremely ancient family, of which it is now, apparently, the last surviving representative. At one time it seems to have been widely spread. A singular fact is that the fossil specimens of the ginkgo, found in the rock beds of the Inferior Oolite series, at Breton, Scotland, are so similar to the living trees that at first sight no difference is apparent. Only an examination of the structure of the cells reveals a variation.—Youth's Companion.

For Pressing Plaited Skirts.

Plaited Skirts which have been washed are difficult to press. Time and expense may be saved by having the work done after the following method, which is for plaited skirts especially: Before the skirt has become badly creased or rumpled run a basting thread, using short, even stitches, down the entire length of each crease which marks the folds of the plaits. By this means, after the skirt has been washed, the proper location of each least can readily be determined, and the pressing done successfully.

Balsac in Church Pew.

The woman who had left a volume of Balsac in the church pew on prayer meeting night felt a little bit ashamed when she asked for the book, but the sexton assured her she need not feel that way. "Many things are left in the church," he said, "and some of them are a whole lot less respectable than Balsac. After each service the pews yield a strange grist of forgotten or discarded articles."

A Clever Bear.

A noted ethnologist observed in Vienna a bear deliberately making with his paw, a current in some water which was close to the bars of his cage so as to draw a piece of floating bread within his reach. These actions of the bear could hardly be attributed to instinct or inherited habit, as they would be of little use to an animal in a state of nature.

Quill Toothpicks.

The largest quill toothpick factory in the world is near Paris, where there is an annual product of 20,000,000 quills. The factory was started to make quill pens, but when these went out of general use it was converted into a toothpick mill.

KINK.

A Beautiful Hair Dressing and Tonic for the Hair!

Read what Madam Robinson, the Famous Black Patti, Queen of the Opera, says of Kink-Ine

PROF. ROBERTS, New York City, New Sir:

I have used your Kink-Ine for the past year and my hair is growing very fast. I find it the most delightful hair dressing and tonic I have ever used, altogether different from the many cheap pomades and vaselines on the market. It makes my hair so beautiful, soft, silky, and has entirely removed all dandruff and stopped it from falling out and breaking off. And enables me to do it up in any of the many styles that I use on the stage. It does all you claim for it, and I would not be without it. Yours sincerely, MRS. ROBINSON.

Kink-Ine Hair Dressing is a delightful perfumed tonic prepared largely for the use of colored people; is guaranteed to be absolutely safe and harmless. It makes harsh, stubborn, kinky, curly hair soft, silky and glossy, enables you to comb it with ease and to dress it in any style that you may wish.

MADAM ROBINSON

KINK-INE HAIR DRESSING by supplying the needed oils directly to the roots of the hair tones up and nourishes the scalp, increasing the growth and giving new life and vigor to the hair.

KINK-INE HAIR DRESSING is for sale at all druggists for 35c per bottle. If your druggist does not keep it have him order it for you; he can get it. If not, send me 50c, and I will send same to you, prepaid.

FREE OFFER

SPECIAL OFFER.—To prove the quality and superiority of our goods over all others, we will sell one full-size bottle of Kink-Ine, price 35 cents, one cake of Kink-Ine Soap, the best shampoo and Toilet Soap in the world, price 25 cents, both for only 50 cents, or six bottles and six cakes of soap for \$3.00. Special offer good only at the following stores:

Henry Evans, 928 F street north— F. A. Tscheffley, 485 Pennsylvania avenue northwest— William H. Davis, 2001 Eleventh street northwest.

R. Ballinger, Prop 343 W 14th St New York City



Go to
HOLMES HOTEL,
No. 333 Virginia Ave., S.W.

Rest Afro-American Accommodation in the District.

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN.

Good Rooms and Lodging, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Comfortably

Heated by Steam. Give us a Call

James Otway Holmes, Prop. Washington, D. C.

Main Phone 231c.



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Celebrated for style, perfect fit, simplicity and reliability nearly 40 years. Sold in nearly every city and town in the United States and Canada, or by mail direct. More so than any other make. Send for free catalogue.

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More subscribers than any other fashion magazine—million a month. Invaluable. Latest styles, patterns, dressmaking, millinery, plain sewing, fancy needlework, hairdressing, etiquette, good stories, etc. Only 50 cents a year (worth double), including a free pattern. Subscribe today, or send for sample copy.

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to Agents. Postal brings premium catalogue and new cash price offers. Address: McCall Co., 228 to 243 W. 37th St., NEW YORK

THE BEE and McCALL'S GREAT FASHION MAGAZINE for one year for \$2.00 COUPON.

Editor Bee:— Find enclosed two dollars. Send to my address below The Bee and McCall's Fashion Magazine for one year.

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Before You Purchase Any Other Write THE N. W. HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY CHICAGO, ILL. Many Sewing Machines are made to sell "cheap" of quality, but the "New Home" is made to last. Our guarantee never runs out. We make Sewing Machines to suit all conditions of the trade. The "New Home" stands at the head of all high-grade family sewing machines. Sold by authorized dealers only.

FOR SALE BY

MADE TO ENTOMB A TARTAR GIRL

Austrian Mason Goes Insane After a Horror Among Caucasus Tribe.

Odessa.—Peter Kavulitch, an Austrian mason, went mad here as the result of brooding over being forced to wall up the daughter of the chieftain of a Tartar tribe in the Caucasus in a living tomb. He was kidnapped in Baku a month ago, taken blindfolded into the mountains, compelled to build the wall around the girl and then was turned loose outside Baku. For a week he led a party of soldiers in a vain attempt to find the girl.

The girl was condemned to death in the tomb because she eloped with one of her father's servants. She was engaged to the son of a wealthy Tartar, and all preparations had been made for the wedding. She was caught with the servant after a two days' chase, and was tried at a family council. It was decided to build a wall around her and leave her to her fate. Kavulitch was kidnapped, and he was taken into the mountains to find the living tribe drawn up to witness the living burial of the girl.

The man protested against the work, but his life was threatened unless he obeyed. The girl was tied hand and foot to a stake. She implored mercy, but her cries were unheeded. A circle was drawn around her, and the mason was made to follow it with a wall two feet thick.

...his head, and a small opening was made for air, so that her sufferings might be prolonged. As soon as his work was finished Kavulitch was blindfolded again. He was set at liberty with 100 roubles in his pocket. He came to Odessa and went mad in the street. He was taken to a hospital in a straitjacket.

A LOAF OF BREAD PUT IN TWO COFFINS.

Half Buried with Wife, Husband's Grave Now Contains Other Part.

Brooklyn.—Adolph Raad, who formerly lived at No. 110 Luquer street, was buried in Greenwood Cemetery, the coffin containing one-half of a loaf of rye bread, the other half of which had been buried with Mrs. Raad four years ago. The aged couple were born in Lutzenbach, Germany. They purchased a farm in what is now Flatbush, and as the city gradually encroached upon their farm land they cut it up and sold it until they were soon able to retire comfortably.

There is an old German custom of making a wish whenever a fresh loaf of bread is cut. On September 7, 1904, Mrs. Raad had just made the customary wish, and was about to cut a loaf when she dropped dead. The husband cut the loaf and put half in his wife's coffin. The other half was preserved in a tin box, the neighbors having been instructed to put it in his coffin.

ME-LANGE



BEFORE SIX MONTHS AFTER USING.

Never fails; nothing like it for hair that is not naturally straight. Price, 25 and 50 cents a box. For sale by the following druggists: Board & McGuire, 1912-1-2 Fourteenth street northwest; Julius Mayer, Fourth and N streets northwest; L. H. Harris, Third and E streets southwest; A. F. Pride, Twenty-eighth and P streets, Georgetown, D. C.

FRANK E. WHITE MFG. CO., East Orange, N. J. Box 107, Goods mailed on receipt of price.



The Old Reliable Remedy.

For twenty-five long years—a quarter of a century—there has never been a remedy equal to Elixir Babek for Malaria and such miasmatic diseases. Thousands have used it with most gratifying results. Malaria is prevalent now. Do not wait for it to take hold of you. Begin the use of Babek now. 50c Bottles. Your druggist will tell you that Babek is the best thing he sells.

For MALARIA, CHILLS & FEVER

THE WINDOW SILL MIRROR.

Rarely Seen in New York But Plentiful in Philadelphia.

Every once in a while you see one of them in New York but not often. They're commoner in Brooklyn, but are nowhere seen in the profusion that you find them in Philadelphia. Meaning of course, those mirror devices people have on the sills of the second floor windows to give a tip on who is coming up the street or down the street, or more important, who is at the front door. They strike the average observer as rather provincial in idea because he thinks instinctively of the shut in person who's only pleasure is in seeing who's on the street. But they're very helpful in telling when a caller is getting near, so that the woman of the house has time to make a hurried toilet and be calmly waiting in her very best when the visitor comes in. Also they give a chance to sound the net at home warning to the servants.—New York Sun.

Some Valuable Stones.

The Emperor Francis Joseph owns the Florentine, which has an eventful history. To the King of Portugal belongs the Star of the South, valued at \$3,000,000; while in the Russian sceptre is the Orloff which once adorned a Brahmin idol, says Home Chat.

Such stones as these are so large that they are practically unsalable. No one person is rich enough to purchase them. Again the expense of cutting is enormous. The Cullinan diamond will require at least \$10,000 to be spent on it for this alone. Even then, the gem now 3,024 carats, will weigh some 1,200 carats, while the sections cut away will themselves form valuable stones, ranging from twenty carats downward.

Singing Pigeons

The queer Chinese change pigeons into song-birds by fastening whistles to their breasts. The wind of their flight then causes a wondrous plaintive music that is seldom silenced in the pigeon-haunted cities of Peking and Canton. The Belgians, great pigeon-flyers, fasten whistles beneath the wings of the valuable racing carriers, asserting that the shrill noise is a sure protection against hawks and other birds of prey. As a similar protection, reeds, emitting an odd wailing sound, are fixed to the tail feathers of the dispatch-bearing pigeons of the German army.

For the Knockers.

A new method by which the audience at a theatre can show its approval or disapproval of a play without disturbing the performance is being introduced by the Italian dramatist, Traversi. Before leaving the theatre every person is to drop a ticket into one of three boxes marked "good," "indifferent," and "bad."

A Fine Distinction.

While a small boy was fishing one Sunday morning he accidentally lost his foothold and tumbled into the creek. As an old man on the bank was helping him out, he said: "How did you come to fall into the river, my little man?" "I didn't come to fall into the river. I came to fish," replied the boy.—The Argonaut.

The Languages.

According to Mulhall's estimates 130,000,000 persons speak English, and 84,000,000 German. Russian is spoken by upwards of 85,000,000, but these numbers are far exceeded by the 360,000,000 to 400,000,000 Chinese and 140,000,000 or more Hindustani.

Shoo Fly!

You can put a mat in front of every plate but you can't make a fly wipe his feet before he walks on your food. The only safe course with regard to the fly is to exclude him from the house.

A Heavy Penalty.

The London Express mentions the case of a private who for failing to recognize and salute his officer was condemned to march past and salute a barrack pump for two hours each day for a week.

Trade Unions in Germany. Germany's trades unions number about 2,215,000 members, which is 25 per cent of the total strength of the labor organizations of the civilized world.

Irish Linen.

The linen industry is the greatest manufacturing industry Ireland possesses. There is invested in it something like \$15,500,000, and it gives employment to 70,000 people.

Large Apple Tree.

What is reported to be the largest apple tree in the United States is at Southington, Conn. It yields 50 bushels.

Bounties for Rabbits.

Australia in 10 years paid out \$5,888,015 in bounties for rabbits at the rate of 25 cents each.

Fish Candles.

The fish candles of Alaska are being sent over the world in quantities as curiosities.

The average woman carries 50 miles of hair on her head.

Worry is one of the most fruitful causes of consumption.

WILL NOT UNITE PHYSICALLY UNFIT

Rev. Dr. H. S. Johnson Utterances on Subject of Ill-Advised Marriages.

POVERTY MARRIAGES DISAPPROVED

Boston Pastor Discourages Mating on Insufficient Earnings.—Those with Communicable Diseases, Inherited or Acquired, Should Remain Single.

Boston, Mass.—"I will refuse to marry persons afflicted with consumption or any hereditary or communicable disease if I have personal knowledge of such ailments existing, and I am also opposed to marrying divorced people, except in the case of the innocent party," said Rev. Dr. Herbert S. Johnson, pastor of the Warren Avenue Baptist Church, in this city.

"I do not think it advisable to marry young couples who are in poor circumstances. I believe, through observation and consultation, that a prospective bridegroom should have an earning capacity of at least \$15 a week before he should consider the matrimonial venture. This statement, of course, does not apply in all cases, for there are always exceptions, but I think the union of persons in the middle class in this country, who are in poor circumstances, creates nothing but a hall on earth.

"When I made the statement some time ago from the pulpit of my church that I would marry any couple that wanted to get married if they did not have the marriage fee, my remark was a facetious one, made half in jest and half in earnest, but I will gladly perform the ceremony for any unfortunate couple that might have sinned, free of cost, if they apply to me and give evidence of good faith. It is a pitiable sight in a large city to see a young girl carrying a babe on her arm without a husband to show his love, or a father to provide for her and her offspring.

"I was, perhaps, led to make the statement that I would marry all such couples that applied to me through a case that came to me not long ago. Our church is so situated in the heart of the city that practicality is our chief aim. I became interested in a young girl who had sinned, and I appeared in court in her behalf. She was dressed in mourning and carried her babe on her arm. It developed that when her aged mother learned of the sin and disgrace of her daughter, she committed suicide by throwing herself into the river. And that is why I stand ready to help uplift the sinners that are making a struggle to live an upright and honorable life, and our church will assist them in every reasonable manner, such as finding employment for the husband, etc.

"Now as to the marriage of young girls and fellows in meagre circumstances. There has been and is constantly being brought to my attention cases of hasty marriages when neither person is in a financial condition to warrant their marriage. Fifteen dollars a week is little enough to defray the expenses of a home with its furnishings, its doctor's and nurse's bills, the support of children and the wife that should be given to charity by all Christians. Of course, when I place the weekly salary at \$15 I refer only to the middle classes, that is Irish-Americans, or those of Anglo-Saxon extraction, and so forth. I don't refer to the lower class of people from Europe who can exist on much less.

"And in regard to persons afflicted with tuberculosis or other diseases of a hereditary nature to which man and woman are subject, it is my belief that a man or woman unfortunate enough to be affected with communicable diseases should be unselfish enough when they are aware of these diseases existing to be content to merely love the man or woman and not ask one to have whole lives blasted. It is a terrible thing to have children born into this world with the taint of disease upon them. Yet there are a great many marriages in this country in the course of the year when one or the other of the contracting persons is a victim of some communicable sexual disease, and is the cause of much misery and the loss to the United States of millions of dollars.

"I will not marry persons whom I know are afflicted thusly, and if there is any suspicion in my mind I will ask them frankly about the matter. A man should be as unselfish and sacrificing in such matters as the soldier or the fireman or the hundreds of other heroes, and it is their duty to humanity as well as to their country that they cast aside all thoughts of marriage when they know they are unfitted to become husbands and fathers.

"I have steadfastly refused to marry divorced persons, unless in the cases of the innocent persons. There are innumerable cases of innocent persons being divorced through no fault of theirs and they should not be compelled to suffer for the sins of the guilty."

10 Cents for Sample
COLORED SKINS MADE

LIGHTER
If you send 10 cents in stamps to M. B. Berger & Company, 2 Rector Street, New York, they will send you a sample of their Complexion Wonder, and one sample will be enough to prove what it can do. They also wish agents in every locality and will help them to get started and guarantee them against loss. If you would like to make money, write to them.

The Connecticut Market
WAHL & THOMPSON
Have removed from 1158 19th St. N.W. To 1841 K St. N.W.

Where you will find a choice line of groceries and fresh meats daily. Call and get our prices and be convinced.

WANTED

We have an exceptional proposition to offer a genteel colored man who has extensive acquaintance among departmental and District Government employees. Address Box C, Bee 1109 Eye street, northwest.

FOR RENT

3 rooms, 1 front, 2 back; furnished. Will rent single or in suite, 1224 You street, northwest. Single lady or gentleman preferred.

Professional Music Teacher
Studio 51 O St., N. W., Flat 2—Advt.

FOR SALE

Two lots, Deanwood Heights.
G. L., this office.

Mrs. Sarah Hood at Sandy Springs, Md., is prepared for summer boarders. Moderate rates. Good home.
Address, Sandy Springs, Md.
J1941

FOR RENT

For Rent—Handsomely furnished front room, best neighborhood in the city; suitable for two departments, ladies or gentlemen, or for a couple for light housekeeping. All modern improvements, convenient to both car lines. Summer prices. Apply at 1918 11th street, northwest.

Wanted—Summer Boarders, by Mrs. Kate McGuire, Catlett Station, Virginia.

Ladies and gentlemen who desire a quiet place for the summer season. Terms very reasonable. About 44 miles from the City of Washington and my home is about 1-4 mile above the village. You will find my home very shady and pleasant. Good water. For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kate McGuire, Catlett Station, Va.

E. MURRAY

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
ICE CREAM AND CONFECTIONS.

OYSTERS IN SEASON.
1216 YOU STREET, NORTHWEST. PHONE. NORTH 908



Straighten Your Hair

DEAR SIR:—I have used only one bottle of your pomade and now I would not be without it. It makes my hair soft and straight and easy to comb and also starts a new growth.

Ford's Hair Pomade

(Formerly known as Ozonized Ox Marrow)
Fifty years of success has proved its merit. The use of Ford's Hair Pomade makes stubborn, harsh, kinky or curly hair straight, soft and glossy and easy to comb, and arrange in any style desired consistent with its length. Removes and prevents dandruff, invigorates the scalp, stops the hair from falling out or breaking off and gives it new life and vigor. Absolutely harmless—used with splendid results even on the youngest children. Delicately perfumed, its use is a pleasure, as ladies of refinement everywhere declare. Ford's Hair Pomade has imitators. Don't buy anything else alleged to be "just as good." If you want the best results, buy the best Pomade—it will pay you. Look for this name

Charles Ford, Inc.

On every package, if your druggist cannot supply you with the genuine, we will send you One bottle, regular size for Three bottles - 1.40 Six - 2.50 One bottle, small - .25 We pay postage and express charges to all points in U.S.A. When ordering send Postal or Express Money Order. All orders shipped promptly on receipt of price. Address: The Ozonized Ox Marrow Co., 31 East Kinzie St., Chicago, Ill. FORD'S HAIR POMADE is made only in Chicago by the above firm. Agents Wanted Everywhere.

LEGAL NOTICES.

W. C. MARTIN AND W. H. LEWIS, ATTORNEYS.
SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
HOLDING PROBATE COURT
No. 16046, Administration
This is to Give Notice:

That the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters Testamentary on the estate of Henry Thompson, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of June, A. D., 1910, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 17th day of June, 1909.

Caroline Thompson,
Goopd Hope, D. C.

Attest:
W. C. Taylor, Deputy Register of Wills for the District of Columbia.
Clerk of the Probate Court.
William C. Martin, Attorney.

W. L. POLLARD, ATTORNEY
SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
HOLDING PROBATE COURT
No. 16054, Administration.
This is to Give Notice:

That the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters of Administration on the estate of Thomas Wilkinson, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 23rd day of June, A. D., 1910, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 23rd day of June, 1909.

Sydna A. Taylor,
1015 3rd Street, N. W.

Attest:
James Tanner,
Register of Wills for the District of Columbia. Clerk of the Probate Court.
William L. Pollard, Attorney.

ROBERT ALLEN
Buffet and Family Liquor Store
Phone North 2340
1917 4th Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

GASKIN'S RESTAURANT
Gaskin's restaurant, 320 8th street, northwest, formerly Gaskins and Gaines. First Class Services. All the delicacies of the season. Free Lunch from 12 to 1 Every Day.

BURNSTINE LOAN OFFICE.
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, GUNS, MECHANICAL TOOLS, LADIES' AND GENTS' WEARING APPAREL.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT.
UNREDEEMED PLEDGES FOR SALE.
361 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

RIOJA CLARET

King Alfonso's Table Wine.
Delicious taste, exquisite bouquet. Grand Prix, Paris, 1900 \$6 doz. bottle: \$6.50 24 half bottles. Sole Distributor,
CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
Quality House
909 7th St. N.W.

HOUSE AND HERRMAN
Accidents sometimes happen by babies getting their heads caught in the ordinary crib. This "Safety Crib" has the fillers set close together to guard against such accident. The sides, which raise and lower, are also unusually high.

This crib is artistically designed, has woven wire springs and excellent white enamel. If you want the safest and best crib, by all means buy the Safety. Our

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE AND HERRMAN
7th and I (Eye) Sts. N. W.
Convenient Credit Terms Arranged.

One good room, with the use of the kitchen for a single lady. Apply on premises, 1460 Q street, northwest, or Thomas Walker, 506 5th street, northwest.

A RESOLUTION

Passed by Unanimous Vote at Regular Meeting, June 23, 1909.
FEDERATION OF RETAIL LIQUOR DEALERS

Resolved by the Federation of Liquor Dealers, that the following declaration of principles shall be the guide of this Association in judging of the conduct of its members, and that any member failing, and refusing to regulate his business and conduct in accordance with these principles, shall be deemed unfaithful to the Association, and

Resolved, further, that this Association disapproves the granting of a license to any person who is not deemed qualified to conduct his business in accordance with these principles; and approves the revoking of the license of any retail liquor dealer who does not faithfully observe the laws for the regulation of the Traffic, and to this end, we will seek the co-operation of the brewers, wholesale liquor dealers, and all allied businesses and trades.

The Duties of Retail Liquor Dealers are:

- To obey all ordinances.
- To obey all orders of the Excise Board.
- To faithfully obey the letter and spirit of the Sunday closing law.
- To refuse to sell liquor to any intoxicated person, or to any known inebriate or minor.
- To limit the giving of free lunch to crackers, cheese and pretzels, and nothing else.
- To prohibit the serving of drinks to any female, to be drunk at any public bar.
- To oppose the employment of any female for the purpose of dispensing liquor.
- To prevent gambling in any and all forms upon the premises.
- To so conduct your place of business that your neighbors will feel that it is a necessity, instead of a hindrance to the neighborhood, and to respect the wishes of your neighbors in every possible way.
- To discontinue the unnecessary display of beer kegs and whiskey barrels in front of your place of business.
- To discourage the use of cut rate and unnecessary signs in or about your place of business.
- To discontinue the promiscuous giving of Christmas presents, in any form whatever to the customers of your place.
- To look to the deportment of your employees in or about your place of business and to see that at all times they conduct themselves properly, and never appear under the influence of liquor.
- To stop the sale of 5-cent growlers and limit the sale of beer in buckets to residents of the immediate neighborhood; and not to sell or give beer in a bucket to drivers of teams and vehicles, to be drunk upon the street.
- To prevent disorderly conduct and indecent language in or about your place of business, as well as the loafing of disorderly persons in or about the place.
- To exclude from all saloons and public bars all indecent pictures, or cards, and to discourage the use of indecent pictures, or labels for advertising purposes by the makers of, or dealers in liquors, or cigars, or cigarettes, or other goods, that are handled by saloons.
- To regard and treat all fellow liquor dealers who violate these rules of conduct as detrimental to the best interests of the retail liquor trade.

To Give Force and Effect to This Declaration of Principles, the Executive Committee of the Federation of Liquor Dealers is instructed to promulgate this declaration of principles, and thereafter take such steps as may be necessary to enforce its provisions, by co-operation with the Excise Board of the District of Columbia.

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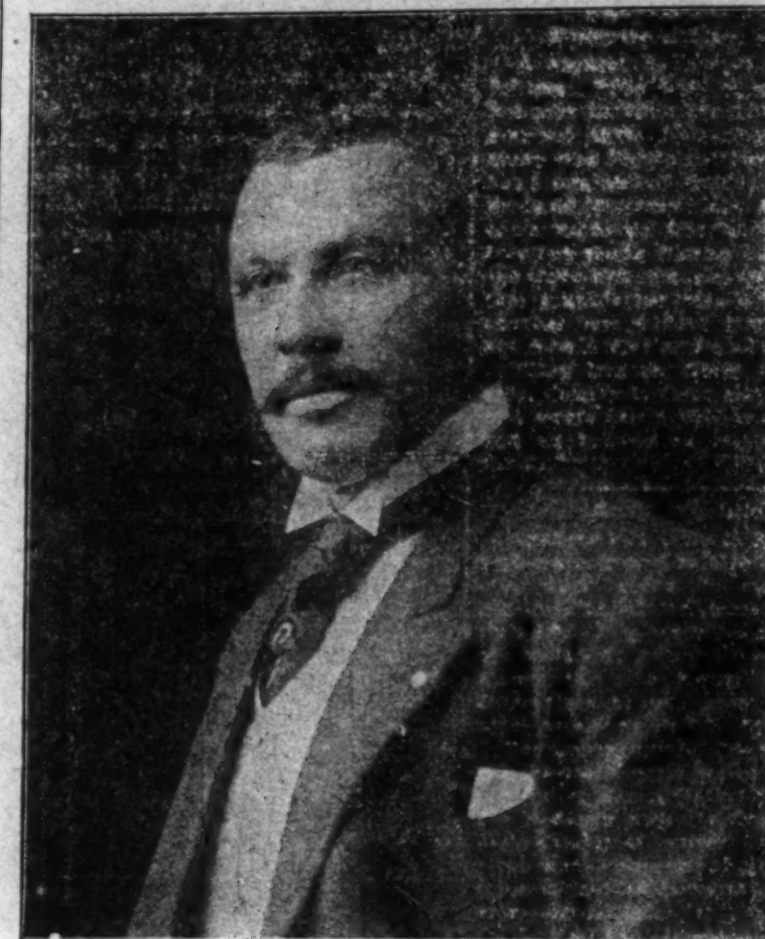
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W. L. Smith, 2201 7th street, northwest.
Leroy H. Harris, 600 3rd street, southwest.
J. R. Mayer, 4th and N streets, southwest.
L. M. Day and Company, 14th and P streets, northwest.
J. W. Morse, 1904 L street, northwest.
George Murray, 201 D street, southwest.
Napper's Pharmacy, 1846 7th street, northwest.
Marke Pharmacy, 1000 20th street, northwest.
L. M. Singleon's Pharmacy, 20 and E streets, northwest.

JOBBERS
American Barber Supply Company, 1009 E street, northwest.
Tony B. Dason, Shoe Findings, 1918 Seventh Street Northwest.
George Goldberg, 163 Pennsylvania avenue.
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J. Scheinerman and Son, 1230 12th street, southeast.
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MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS
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